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NEW QUESTION: 1

What is the difference between how a network administrator can monitor clients in the Mobility (MM) interface and in the AirWave Management Platform?

- A. AirWave shows trends for the past several minutes, while MM shows longer trends.
- B. MM shows user and role information associated with clients, while AirWave does not.
- C. AirWave shows the current signal level for the client connection, while MM does not show RF statistics.
- D. AirWave combines information from more sources, such as RADIUS authenticating servers and APs.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 2

A customer has a large campus that requires 400 Aruba 335 APs to support a total of 10,000 wireless users and 12Gbps of traffic. Although the customer wants two controllers for redundancy, each controller must be able to support all of the APs and users on its own.

Which Aruba Mobility Controller models meet the customer requirements and DO NOT unnecessarily exceed them?

- A. Aruba 7030 controllers
- B. Aruba 7210 controllers
- C. Aruba 7024 controllers
- D. Aruba 7240 controllers

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 3

A network administrator creates an employee WLAN on an Aruba solution that uses WLAN WPA2-Enterprise security and an external RADIUS server. When the administrator tests the WLAN, the test client receives limited connectivity and cannot access any resources, but the RADIUS server shows that the user authenticated successfully.

What should the administrator check as a possible source of this issue?

- A. the connectivity between the Master Controller (MC) for the client and the RADIUS server
- B. the firewall role and policy that apply to this user
- C. the connectivity between the AP that the client is associated to and the MC
- D. the certificate on the RADIUS server

Answer: [\(SHOW ANSWER\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 4

Which task can an Aruba Air Monitor (AM) perform?

- A. Analyze wireless traffic patterns at the application level.
- B. Optimize RF through the AP channel and transmit power plans.
- C. Analyze RF signals to determine the cause of non-802.11 interference.
- D. Help to detect rogue APs in the environment.

Answer: [D \(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 5

A network administrator examines a list of 2.4GHz clients with low performance in the Mobility Master (MM) dashboard. Which property should pose a concern as a potential performance issue?

- A. Radio PHY of HT 20MHz
- B. Goodput data rate of 12Mbps
- C. Usage of 10 MB
- D. Max speed of 72Mbps

Answer: [C \(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 6

A company has an Aruba solution that is monitored by AirWave. Several users have recurring connectivity and performance issues with their wireless clients.

How can network administrators use AirWave to monitor these clients more easily?

- A. Use the Client > Tags windows to tag the client for periodic checks and analysis.
- B. Click the Down icon in the Airwave banner to quickly see a list of issues with client connections.
- C. Specify the clients as Watched Clients and view the tables and graphs for these clients.
- D. Run Device Summary reports and filter for the client MAC addresses within the report.

Answer: [B \(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

NEW QUESTION: 7

Assume that administrators accept the default forwarding mode for WLANs. How does wireless user traffic flow in a master-local architecture, and how does it flow in a Mobility Master (MM) architecture?

- A. In the master-local architecture, traffic is tunneled to a local Mobility Controller (MC) to handle. In a MM architecture, all traffic is tunneled to the MM to handle.
- B. In both architectures, APs forward corporate user traffic locally and tunnel guest user traffic to a Mobility Controller (MC) to handle.
- C. In both architectures, traffic is tunneled to a Mobility Controller (MC) to handle.

D. In the master-local architecture, all traffic is tunneled to the master controller to handle. In a MM architecture, all traffic is tunneled to the MM to handle.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 8

A network administrator examines a list of 2.4GHz clients with low performance in the Mobility Master (MM) dashboard. Which property for a client should pose a concern as a potential performance issue?

- A. Goodput data rate of 12 Mbps
- B. Max speed of 72Mbps
- C. Radio PHY of HT 20MHz
- D. Usage of 10 MB

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 9

Refer to the exhibit.

Monitoring AP-HO in group Access Points in folder Top [Poll Controller Now](#)
This Device is in monitor-only mode.

Device Info

Status: Up (OK)
Configuration: Good
Controller: MD-3
Type: Aruba Ap 325
LAN MAC Address: AC:A3:1E:CD:7B:0A
IP Address: 10.10.10.1

Aruba AP Group:
Remote Device:
Serial:
Clients:

Quick Links
Open controller webURL

Notes:

INDEX	NAME	MAC ADDRESS	CLIENTS	USAGE (KBPS)	CHANNEL	TX POWER	ANTENNA TYPE	ROLE	SSID
1	802.11 bgn	AC:A3:1E:57:BO:AO	2	0.50	11	21.5 dBm	Internal	Access	Employee, Guest
2	802.11 ac	AC:A3:1E:57:BO:BO	1	0.26	100	23 dBm	Internal	Access	Employee, Guest

A network administrator needs to use Aruba AirWave to view statistics for an AP's 802.11ac radio. How can the administrator update the information on-demand rather than wait the typical interval?

- A. Click the 802.11ac link
- B. Refresh the browser
- C. Log out of the interface and log back in
- D. Click Poll Controller Now

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 10

What are two criteria that distinguish different Aruba Mobility Controller (MC) models from each other?

- A. number of supported users and firewall throughput
- B. number of supported users and ability to support 802.11ac APs or not
- C. firewall speed and ability to act as a standalone controller or not
- D. number of supported APs and ability to support 802.11ac APs or not

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 11

A company wants to provide wireless access for visitors with their Aruba solution. Which configuration feature enables the guest to access the wireless network without authentication?

- A. use of internal captive portal with email registration
- B. redirection of guests to an external captive portal that provides encryption services
- C. addition of custom rules to control access for unauthenticated guests
- D. use of internal captive portal with authentication

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 12

A company has a Mobility Master (MM)-based solution. A network administrator wants to monitor the types of applications in use in the wireless network.

Which dashboard page in the MM interface should the administrator visit?

- A. Security
- B. Network
- C. Performance
- D. Traffic Analysis

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 13

A network administrator wants to use unique digital certificates installed on user devices to authenticate wireless users. Which EAP method should the RADIUS server and clients support?

- A. PEAP and MS-CHAPv2
- B. EAP-TLS
- C. LEAP
- D. EAP-TTLS and MS-CHAPv2

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 14

A company has an Aruba solution that supports an employee WLAN. How can network administrators control in which subnets user receive IP addresses?

- A. Assign switch ports connected to APs to VLANs associated with the desired subnets.
- B. Set the VLANs associated with desired subnets in the WLAN settings.
- C. Configure firewall policies that permit the desired subnet, and add them to the initial role for the WLAN.
- D. In the WLAN settings, configure User role rules with the desired subnet addresses as match criteria.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 15

Which task can an Aruba Spectrum Monitor (SM) perform?

- A. Optimize RF through the AP channel and transmit power plans.
- B. Prevent client connections to rogue APs.
- C. Analyze wireless traffic patterns at the application level.
- D. Analyze RF signals to determine the cause of non-802.11 interference.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 16

A company plans to deploy a Mobility Master (MM). The MM will manage 50 Mobility Controller (MC) appliances that will control a total of 680 APs, and 10 Virtual Mobility Controllers (VMCs) that will control a total of 160 APs.

How many MM licenses does the company require?

- A. 60
- B. 210
- C. 900
- D. 960

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Explanation

Starting with ArubaOS 8.0.1, the MM license is required to terminate devices (controllers or APs) on Mobility Master. If the Mobility Master does not have sufficient MM licenses and an AP fails to obtain a license, that AP can get an IP address and connect to its controller, but will not broadcast an SSID.

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NEW QUESTION: 17

Which feature is unique to 802.11ac Wave 2 access points?

- A. band steering
- B. multi-user MIMO (MU-MIMO)
- C. multiple spatial streams
- D. 40MHz channel bonding

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 18

What is one difference between an Aruba firewall access control rule and an application rule?

- A. An application rule can filter traffic at a higher layer beyond the TCP or UDP port.
- B. An access rule cannot apply different actions to different types of traffic sent to the same destination.
- C. An access rule can filter non-IP traffic, as well as IPv4 and IPv6 traffic.
- D. An application rule cannot use the packet source and destination IP addresses as part of its match criteria.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 19

What is one difference between how a network administrator can monitor clients in the Mobility (MM) interface and in the AirWave Management Platform?

- A. AirWave combines information from more sources, such as RADIUS authenticating servers and APs.
- B. AirWave shows trends for the past several minutes, while MM shows longer trends.
- C. MM shows user and role information associated with clients, while AirWave does not.
- D. AirWave shows the current signal level for the client connection, while MM does not show RF statistics.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 20

Refer to the exhibit.

Usage	Mobility Master Licenses			Controller Licenses			
	AP	PEF	RF Protect	ACR	WEbCC	MM	VMC
Global License Pool	1/32	0/32	0/32	0/0	0/0	2/500	0/0
Building1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Based on the exhibit, what is the maximum number of APs that this Mobility Master (MM) solution can support?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 32
- D. 500

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 21

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1

Exam_Guest General **VLANs** Security Access

VLAN:

[Hide VLAN details](#)

Named VLANs	
NAME	ID(S)
employee	51
guest	99
--	1,55

Named VLANs							
ID	IPV4 ADDRE...	IPV6 ADDRE...	ENABLE NAT	PORT MEM...	ADMIN STATE	OPERATION...	DHCP SETTI...
99	--	--	Enabled	--	Enabled	N/A	None

Exhibit 2

Exam_Guest General VLANs **Security** Access



 Clearpass or other external captive portal
 Internal captive portal with authentication

Exhibit 3

Exam_Guest General **VLANs** Security **Access**

Default role:

A network administrator creates a guest WLAN on an Aruba Mobility Manager (MM). The exhibits show some of the settings for the WLAN. The administrator does not change the policies for those roles. How does the firewall control guest clients when they first connect to the WLAN?

- A. It permits them to send any DHCP traffic and DNS and web traffic to the Internet. It redirects web traffic destined to the private network to a login portal.
- B. It does not permit them to send any traffic until they are authenticated.
- C. It permits them to send any DHCP and DNS traffic, and it redirects all web traffic to a login portal.
- D. It permits them to send any DHCP and RADIUS traffic. It redirects all web traffic destined to the Internet to a login portal and drops web traffic destined to the private network.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 22

Which task can an Aruba Spectrum Monitor (SM) perform?

- A. Analyze wireless traffic patterns at the application level.
- B. Analyze RF signals to determine the cause of non-802.11 interference.
- C. Help to detect rogue APs in the environment.
- D. Optimize RF through the AP channel and transmit power plans.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 23

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1

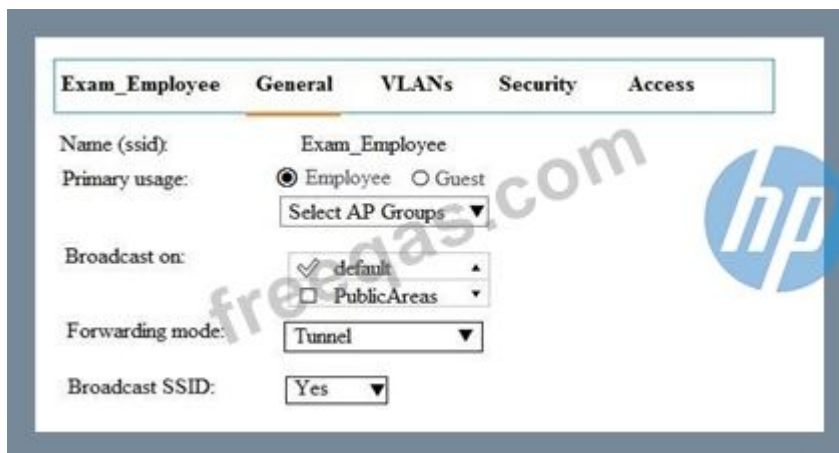


Exhibit 2

More Secure

Enterprise

Personal

Open

Less Secure

Key management: WPA-2 Enterprise ▼

Auth servers: myradiusser...
+

Reauth interval: 86400 sec. ▼

Machine authentication: Disabled ▼

Blacklisting: Disabled ▼

Network administrators use the Aruba Mobility Master (MM) wizard to create a WLAN and do not manually alter any of the profiles for that WLAN. The exhibits show some of the settings for the WLAN. Some wireless users cannot successfully connect to the WLAN. Network administrators attempt to connect on their own machines with a test account, and the connection is successful. They attempt to connect with the same account on user clients, and the connection fails.

Which issue could prevent authentication from completing correctly?

- A. Some access points (APs) are not configured as clients on the RADIUS server, so user clients connected to them cannot authenticate.
- B. The user clients have unauthorized MAC addresses, so the RADIUS server rejects the authentication even though the username and password are correct.
- C. The RADIUS server has reached the maximum number of RADIUS clients that it can support, so it rejects new wireless clients.
- D. The user clients do not trust the RADIUS server certificate and are configured not to prompt users to trust new certificates.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 24

What does an Aruba Mobility Master (MM) do before it deploys a configuration to a Mobility Controller (MC)?

- A. It synchronizes the configuration with templates on Aruba AirWave.
- B. It encrypts the configuration to be deployed and backs it up to a secure archive.
- C. It removes any commands that are not supported on that MC or have dependency errors.
- D. It obtains the current configuration, encrypts it, and backs it up to a secure archive.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 25

A company plans to deploy a Mobility Master (MM) solution with two MM nodes. The MM solution will manage

10 Mobility Controller (MC) appliance that will control a total of 400 APs.

How should the network administrator install the AP licenses?

- A. 400 AP licenses on the MM and no licenses on the MC
- B. 800 AP licenses on each MC and no licenses on the MM
- C. 40 AP licenses on the MM and no licenses on the MC
- D. 800 AP licenses on the MM and 40 AP licenses on each MC

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 26

Refer to the exhibit.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the 'Exam_Employee' profile in the 'Profiles' tab. The left sidebar lists various profile components, with 'AAA' selected. The main area displays the configuration for the 'AAA Profile: Exam_Employee'.

Profile Component	Configuration
AAA Profile:	Exam_Employee
Initial role:	logon
Mac Authentication Default Role:	guest
802.1X Authentication Default Role:	authenticated
Download Role from CPPM:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Set username from dhcp option 12:	<input type="checkbox"/>
L2 Authentication Fall Through:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Multiple Server Accounting:	<input type="checkbox"/>



The exhibit shows the AAA profile for a WLAN on an Aruba solution. This WLAN uses 802.1X to authenticate users to a RADIUS server. A user successfully authenticates with 802.1X, but the RADIUS server does not send a role assignment.

How does the Aruba firewall handle the role assignment for this user?

- A. It applies the Aruba VSA role employee.
- B. It does not assign a role.
- C. It assigns the authenticated role.
- D. It assigns the logon role.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 27

Refer to the exhibit.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the 'Exam_Employee' WLAN. The 'Access' tab is active. The 'Default role' is set to 'guest'. The 'Server-derived roles' checkbox is checked. The 'Derivation method' is set to 'Use value returned from Clearpass or other auth server'. There is a 'Show roles' link at the bottom left.

A network administrator sets up the Exam_Employees WLAN on an Aruba solution with a default role of guest, as shown in the exhibit. To which users does the guest role apply?

- A. users who successfully authenticate and are assigned to the default role by the RADIUS server
- B. users who fail authentication
- C. users who have connected to the SSID, but have not yet attempted authentication
- D. users who successfully authenticate and are not assigned a different role by the RADIUS server

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 28

What is required for a WLAN that uses WPA2-Enterprise security?

- A. a policy to allow unauthenticated users to receive RADIUS
- B. a Web server to host a login portal
- C. RADIUS server or servers
- D. a shared password to secure access to the WLAN

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 29

Refer to the exhibit.

Create a new server

Radius LDAP

Name:

IP address:


Auth port:

Accounting port:

Shared key:

Retype key:

Timeout:



A network administrator needs to specify a RADIUS server for an employee WLAN on an Aruba solution. What must the administrator enter in the Shared key field?

- A. the password defined as the preshared key for the WLAN on the Mobility Master (MM) and on authorized wireless clients
- B. the password configured for RADIUS clients on the RADIUS server
- C. the password defined for authorized wireless clients on the RADIUS server and also distributed to authorized wireless clients
- D. the password configured in a user account with administrative rights on the RADIUS server

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 30

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1



Roles>users1

GLOBAL RULES

+

RULES FOR THIS ROLE ONLY

- permit all from source any to alias network1
- deny all from source any to network 172.16.0.0/255.255.0.0
- permit all from source user to any destinations

A screenshot of the Aruba configuration interface for the 'users1' role. It shows a breadcrumb 'Roles>users1' and a section for 'GLOBAL RULES'. Below that is a plus sign and a section for 'RULES FOR THIS ROLE ONLY' containing three rules: 'permit all from source any to alias network1', 'deny all from source any to network 172.16.0.0/255.255.0.0', and 'permit all from source user to any destinations'.

Exhibit 2



Roles Policies Applications

Roles>users2 [Show Advanced View](#)

GLOBAL RULES

+

RULES FOR THIS ROLE ONLY

- permit all from source user to network 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0
- deny all from source user to network 10.1.2.0/255.255.255.0
- permit all from source user to network 10.1.0.0/255.255.0.0

A screenshot of the Aruba configuration interface for the 'users2' role. It shows a breadcrumb 'Roles>users2' and a 'Show Advanced View' link. Below that is a section for 'GLOBAL RULES'. Below that is a plus sign and a section for 'RULES FOR THIS ROLE ONLY' containing three rules: 'permit all from source user to network 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0', 'deny all from source user to network 10.1.2.0/255.255.255.0', and 'permit all from source user to network 10.1.0.0/255.255.0.0'.

A company has an Aruba solution. Client 1 is assigned to the users1 role, and client 2 is assigned to the users2 role. The exhibits show current firewall rules for those roles. The network1 alias used to be

10.1.1.0/24, but the network administrator now changes the network1 alias to 172.16.1.0/24. Client 1 and Client 2 both send a packet destined to 172.16.1.10.

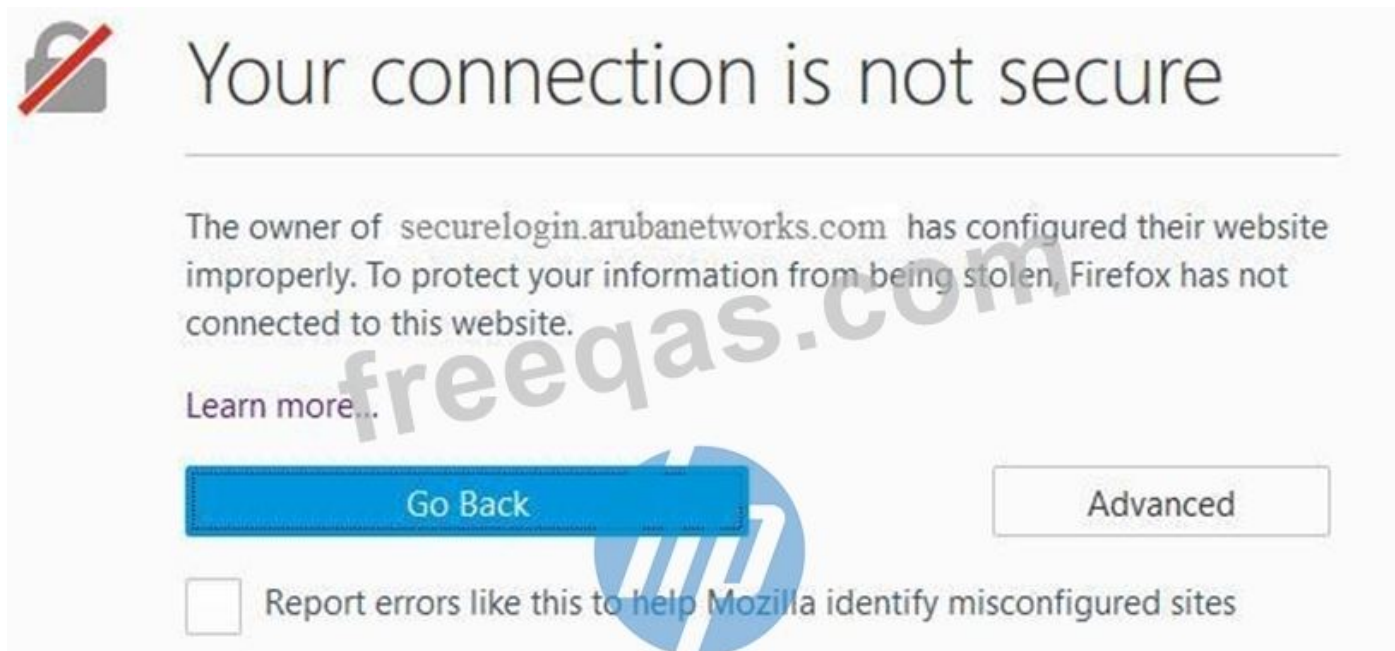
How does the firewall handle these packets?

- A. It permits the packet from Client 1 and denies the packet from Client 2.
- B. It permits both packets.
- C. It denies both packets.
- D. It denies the packet from Client 1 and permits the packet from Client 2.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 31

Refer to the exhibit.



A company has a Mobility Master (MM)-based solution with a guest WLAN. During the captive portal redirection, users who access a non-HTTPS Website see the error shown in the exhibit.

How can a network administrator prevent this error?

- A. Replace the default Mobility Master certificate with a certificate that has the correct hostname.
- B. Reconfigure the guest WLAN to use EAP methods that rely on passwords rather than certificates.
- C. Enable automatic CPSec certificate deployment.
- D. Replace the default server certificate for mobility controllers with a certificate signed by a trusted CA.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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NEW QUESTION: 32

A network administrator needs to create an Aruba firewall rule that permits wireless users to receive DHCP settings when they first connect to the Aruba solution. What are the correct source and destination aliases for the rule?

- A. source = any and destination = user
- B. source = user and destination = any
- C. source = user and destination = user
- D. source = any and destination = any

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 33

Refer to the exhibit.



The exhibit shows output from a Mobility Master (MM) dashboard. What is a valid reason for the administrator to click the akamai square under applications?

- A. to download a report about the usage of this application over time
- B. to create filter rules in order to control wireless user access to this application
- C. to see more details about this application, such as a list of aggregated sessions
- D. to see the break down for only roles, destinations, WLANs and devices that use this application

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 34

How can network administrators upgrade AirMatch on an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)?

- A. Upgrade Client Match as part of a global software upgrade, and upgrade AirMatch separately as a loadable service module (LSM).
- B. Upgrade Client Match and AirMatch separately as loadable service modules (LSMs).
- C. Upgrade AirMatch and Client Match through a global software upgrade.

D. Upgrade AirMatch as part of a global software upgrade, and upgrade Client Match separately as a loadable service module (LSM).

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

Explanation

https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/ArubaOS_81_Web_Help/Content/ArubaFrameStyles/LSM/LSM_ove

NEW QUESTION: 35

A company plans to deploy a Mobility Master (MM) solution with two MM nodes. The MM solution will manage 10 Mobility Controller (MC) appliances that will control a total of 400 APs.

How should the network administrator install the AP licenses?

- A. 40 AP licenses on the MM and no licenses on the MC
- B. 800 AP licenses on the MM and 40 AP licenses on each MC
- C. 800 AP licenses on each MC and no licenses on the MC
- D. 400 AP licenses on the MM and no licenses on the MC

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 36

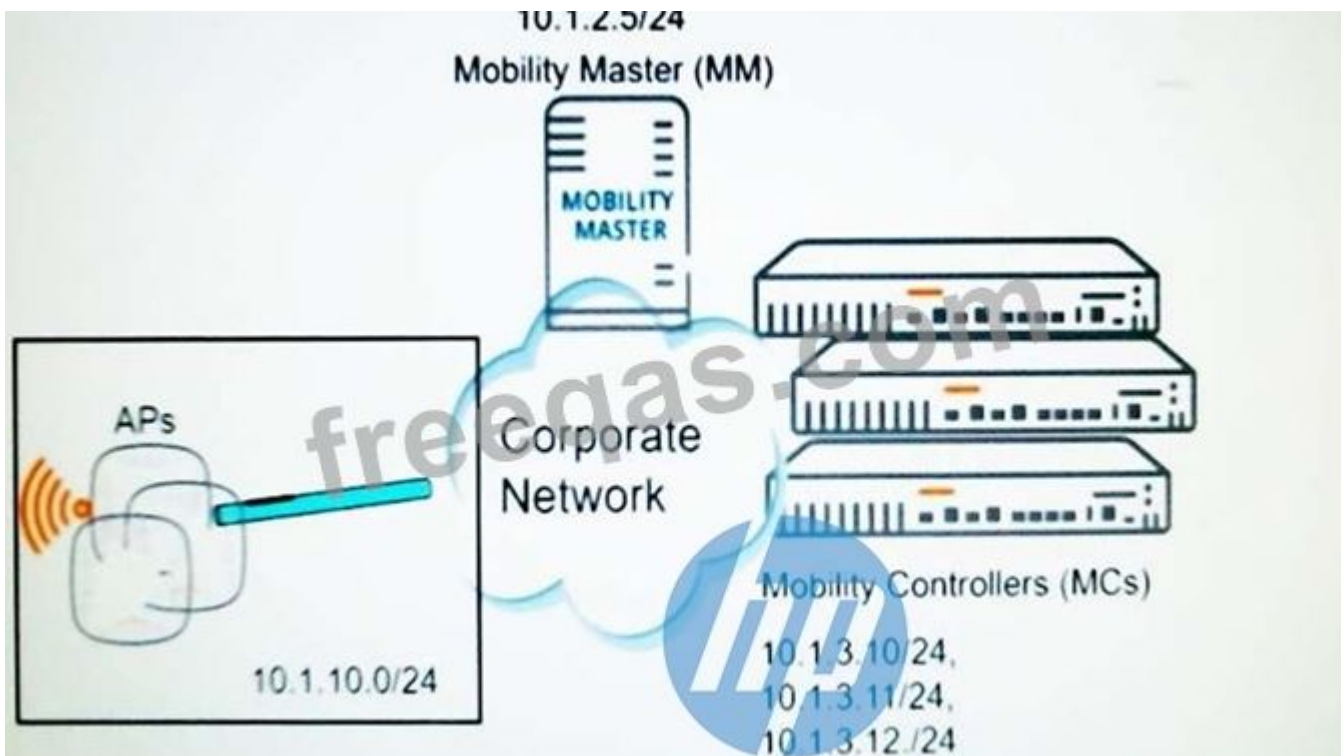
How can network administrator provide high availability for APs deployed in an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based architecture?

- A. Configure APs to convert to controller-less Instant AP mode during controller failure.
- B. Establish clusters of Mobility Controllers (MCs).
- C. Deploy all licenses locally to APs, so that they can continue to function if they lose contact with their controller.
- D. Configure MM to provide backup AP tunnel termination in case of controller failure.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 37

Refer to the exhibit.



What is a valid way to help the APs discover devices that can control them?

- A. Specify the Mobility Master (MM) IP address in DHCP option 43 on the network DHCP server.
- B. Map the Mobility Controller (MC) IP addresses to the aruba-master name on the network DNS server.
- C. Set up an Aruba Central subscription, and ensure that APs can reach the Internet.
- D. Enable CPsec, and ensure the Mobility Master (MM) and Mobility Controllers (MCs) trust the Aruba certificates installed on the APs at the factory.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 38

A company has an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based solution. Where can network administrators look to monitor the health status of all controllers, APs, and clients?

- A. the Potential Issues dashboard
- B. the MM Maintenance pages
- C. the top banner
- D. the Performance dashboard

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 39

Refer to the exhibit.

Clients(1) Default Columns ▾ ▲								
Client	Health(%)	IP Address	Bond	Radio PHY	Client PHY	Device	Role	Forward Mode
employee	48	10.1.51.150	2.4 GHz	HT 2D MHz	HT 2D MHz	Unknown	guest	Tunnel

The exhibit shows output from a Mobility Master (MM) dashboard. What does the health status indicate?

- A. The client device only complies with about half of the rules in the endpoint health policy.
- B. The maximum data rate that 802.11ac supports is about twice as high as the data rate the client uses.
- C. About half of the heartbeats the client sends reaches the Mobility Manager (MM).
- D. It takes the AP about twice as long to send data to the client as expected if all transmissions succeeded.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 40

Which authentication server option would the network administrator choose to authenticate a wireless user directly against an Active Directory (AD) domain controller without NPS or IAS?

- A. LDAP server
- B. RFC 3576 server
- C. RADIUS server
- D. TACACS server

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 41

Refer to the exhibit.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Mobility Master dashboard. At the top, there are tabs for 'Roles', 'Policies', and 'Applications'. Below this, there is a breadcrumb trail: 'Roles > admins Policies Bandwidth Captive Portal More' and a 'Show Basic View' link. A table lists several policies:

NAME	RULES COUNT	TYPE	POLICY USAGE
global-sacl	0	session	guest, stateful-dot1x, defa...
apprf-admins-sacl	0	session	admins
admins	0	session	admins
allow-network1	1	session	admins

Below the table, there is a '+' icon and a breadcrumb trail: 'admins Policies > allow-network1'. Another table shows the details of the 'allow-network1' rule:

TYPE	SOURCE	DESTINATION	SERVICE/APPLICATI...	ALLOW
ipv4	user	alias	any	permit

The alias in the rule shown in the exhibit is network 10.1.1.0/24.

A wireless client is assigned IP address 10.1.2.10/24 and the "admins" role. The wireless client at 10.1.2.10 attempts to initiate a Web session with a server at 10.1.1.2. A wired client at 10.1.1.3 attempts to initiate an SSH session with the wireless client at 10.1.2.10.

How does the Aruba firewall handle these attempts?

- A. The firewall permits the traffic from the wireless client and also permits the return traffic from the server. The firewall drops the traffic from the wired client.

- B.** The firewall permits the traffic from the wireless client and also permits the return traffic from the server. The firewall permits the traffic from the wired client and also permits the return traffic from the wireless client.
- C.** The firewall drops the traffic from the wireless client. The firewall drops the traffic from the wired client.
- D.** The firewall permits the traffic from the wireless client, but drops the return traffic from the server. The firewall drops the traffic from the wireless client.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 42

What is a key difference between an Aruba Air Monitor (AM) and an Aruba Spectrum Analyzer (SA)?

- A.** An AM both detects wireless intrusion attempts and mitigates them, while an SA only detects wireless intrusion attempts.
- B.** An AM detects threats such as rogue APs, while an SA analyzes RF conditions.
- C.** An AM detects rogue APs and provides data services to clients, while an SA only detects rogue APs.
- D.** An AM scans on only one 802.11 frequency band, while an SA scans on both 802.11 frequency bands.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 43

Which task can an Aruba Air Monitor (AM) perform?

- A.** Analyze RF signals to determine the cause of non-802.11 interference.
- B.** Analyze wireless traffic patterns at the application level.
- C.** Optimize RF through the AP channel and transmit power plans.
- D.** Prevent client connections to rogue APs.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 44

A company has an Aruba solution with a guest WLAN named exam_guest. A network administrator creates the guest WLAN with the wizard and does not change any of the default roles. The authentication server does not send particular role assignments for authorized users. The company wants to deny guest access to specific IP ranges after the guests authenticate.

For which role should the administrator create the rule to deny this traffic?

- A.** exam_guest-guest-logon
- B.** guest
- C.** authorized
- D.** guest-logon

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 45

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1

AAA Profile: Exam_Employees

AAA Profile:

Initial role:

MAC Authentication Default Role:

802.1X Authentication Default Role:

Download Role from CPPM:

Set username from dhcp option 12:

L2 Authentication Fail Through:

Multiple Server Accounting:

User Idle timeout: seconds

Max IPv4 for Wireless user:

RADIUS Interim Accounting:

Exhibit 2

Client	Health(%)	IP Address	Bond	Radio PHY	Client PHY	Device	Role	Forward Mode
employee	48	10.1.51.150	2.4 GHz	HT 2D MHz	HT 2D MHz	Unknown	guest	Tunnel

An Aruba solution supports a WLAN that uses WPA2-Enterprise security. Exhibit 1 shows the AAA policy for the WLAN. Users are supposed to be assigned to different roles after authentication. Network administrators test a connection with the employee user account. Exhibit 2 shows the status for the client after this test.

What is a possible reason for the issue shown in Exhibit 2?

- A. The administrators entered the wrong password for the employee account.
- B. MAC authentication is enabled on the WLAN, and the test device does not have an authorized address.
- C. The shared key configured for the ClearPass server is incorrect.

D. The RADIUS server is not correctly set up to send a user role for the employee account.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 46

A company has an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based solution. Where can a network administrator look to find a list of alerts about a variety of issues on the MM or managed devices?

- A. the Potential Issues dashboard
- B. the top banner
- C. the Performance dashboard
- D. the MM Maintenance pages

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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NEW QUESTION: 47

How can network administrator provide high availability for APs deployed in an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based architecture?

- A. Configure MM to provide backup AP tunnel termination in case of controller failure.
- B. Configure APs to convert to controller-less Instant AP mode during controller failure.
- C. Establish clusters of Mobility Controllers (MCs).
- D. Deploy all licenses locally yo APs, so that they can continue to function if they lose contact with their controller.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 48

Refer to the exhibit.



A network administrator adds a global rule in the area shown in the exhibit. Where does the global rule take effect?

- A. It immediately applies to the guest role and other roles, as part of the final policy applied to the role.
- B. It immediately applies to the guest role and other roles, as part of the first policy applied to the role.
- C. It immediately applies only to the guest role and other roles, as part of the first policy applied to the role. Administrators can choose to apply the rule to other roles.
- D. It immediately applies only to the guest role, as part of the final policy applied to the role. Administrators cannot apply the rule to other roles.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 49

What is one networking setting that a network administrator can configure for roles in an Aruba solution?

- A. bandwidth limit
- B. source NAT
- C. DHCP pool
- D. ClientMatch rules

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 50

What is one difference between how administrators can use the Mobility Master (MM) Interface as compared to the AirWave Management Platform?

- A. MM shows user and role information associated with clients, while AirWave does not.
- B. MM shows trends for the past several minutes, while AirWave shows historical data.
- C. AirWave shows trends for the past several minutes, while MM shows historical data.
- D. AirWave shows the current signal level for the client connection, while MM does not show RF statistics.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 51

A company has an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based solution that runs ArubaOS 8 and uses the default AirMatch and Client Match settings. The ARM profile has been disabled for 5GHz radios. How are channel and transmit power settings managed for these radios?

- A. with AirMatch
- B. with legacy ARM
- C. with legacy Client Match
- D. with Rule Based Client Match

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 52

An Aruba solution runs ArubaOS 8 and uses a mobility master architecture. Which feature can network administrators use to balance wireless devices across APs on different channels?

- A. AirMatch
- B. ARM
- C. AppRF
- D. Client Match

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 53

Refer to the exhibit.

```
(MM) ^[mynode] #show airmatch solution
```

Seq	Time	Aps	[5GHz]	Radios	Cost	Conflict	Deploy	[2GHz]	Radios	Cost	Conflict	Deploy	Type
#2	20161230_05:04:51	1		1	1.0	0.0	No		1	4.0	0.0	No	Scheduled
#1	20161228_12:45:24	1		1	1.0	0.0	Yes		1	4.0	0.0	Yes	Incremental - Auto

```
(MM) [mynode] #show airmatch solution 2
```

```
# 20161230_05:04:51 Scheduled
# 5GHz capacity/network cost/solution cost/improvement: 4.0/1.0/1.0/0.0%
# 2.4GHz capacity/network cost/solution cost/improvement: 1.0/4.0/4.0/0.0%
```

#	Band	Radio	Mode	Chan	CBW	EIRP (dBm)	APName
5GHz	70:3a:0e:59:81:30	AP		157i	80.	18.	EastAP
2GHz	70:3a:0e:59:81:20	AP		1i	20*	9.	EastAP

```
[*] regarded frozen | [.] no change | [i] channel ignored because insufficient quality increase
```

An Aruba solution uses AirMatch with the default AirMatch profile settings. A network administrator sees that a scheduled optimization was completed, but a plan was not deployed.

Based on the exhibit, why did this occur?

- A. ARM is disabled in the radio profile, so AP radios are considered frozen
- B. The cost of the new plan exceeds the amount allowed by the feature license
- C. The new plan did not offer significantly improved quality
- D. The solution uses master-local mode

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 54

An Aruba solution has a WLAN that uses WPA2-Enterprise security. How are encryption keys dynamically managed for the wireless users?

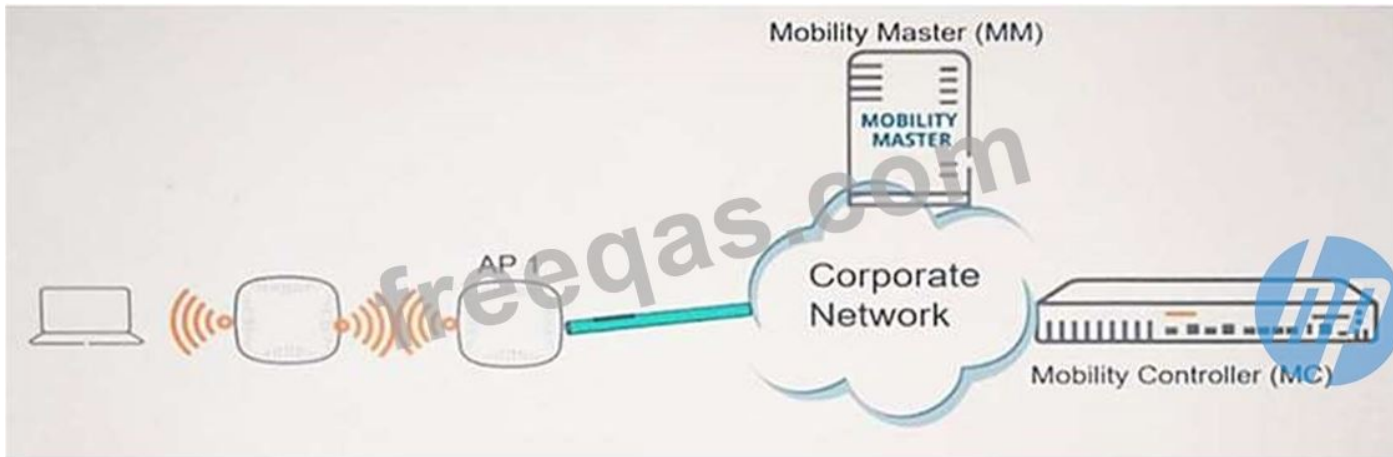
- A. The MM generates and distributes keys to clients and access points (APs).
- B. Administrators configure identical key strings on the Mobility Controllers (MCs) and wireless client 802.1X settings.
- C. Keys are generated and distributed securely during each wireless user authentication process.

D. Keys are derived from the preshared key configured on the WLAN and on each wireless client.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 55

Refer to the exhibit.



Which role must AP 1 play?

- A. Mesh Point AP
- B. Remote AP (RAP)
- C. Instant AP (IAP)
- D. Mesh Portal AP

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 56

A network administrator configures this policy:

```
ip access-list session Guest
  user any svc-dhcp permit
  user any network 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 deny
  user any any permit
```

Users to which this policy applies are unable to receive IP addresses with DHCP. How should the administrator fix the issue?

- A. Change user to any in the user any svc-dhcp permit rule.
- B. Move the user any svc-dhcp permit rule to the bottom of the list.
- C. Use the correct service alias in the user any svc-dhcp permit rule.
- D. Remove the deny rule from the policy.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 57

Which IEEE standard provides the highest transmission rates in the 2.4GHz frequency band?

- A. 802.11g
- B. 802.11a
- C. 802.11n
- D. 802.11ac

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 58

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1

The screenshot shows the configuration page for 'Exam_Guest' with the 'VLANs' tab selected. A dropdown menu shows 'guest' selected. Below this, there is a 'Named VLANs' table and a 'VLAN IDs' table.

Named VLANs	
Name	ID(S)
employee	51
guest	99
--	1,55

VLAN IDs							
ID	IPV4 ADDRE...	IPV6 ADDRE...	ENABLE NAT	PORT MEM...	ADMIN STATE	OPERATION...	DHCP SETT...
99	--	--	Enabled	--	Enabled	N/A	None

Exhibit 2

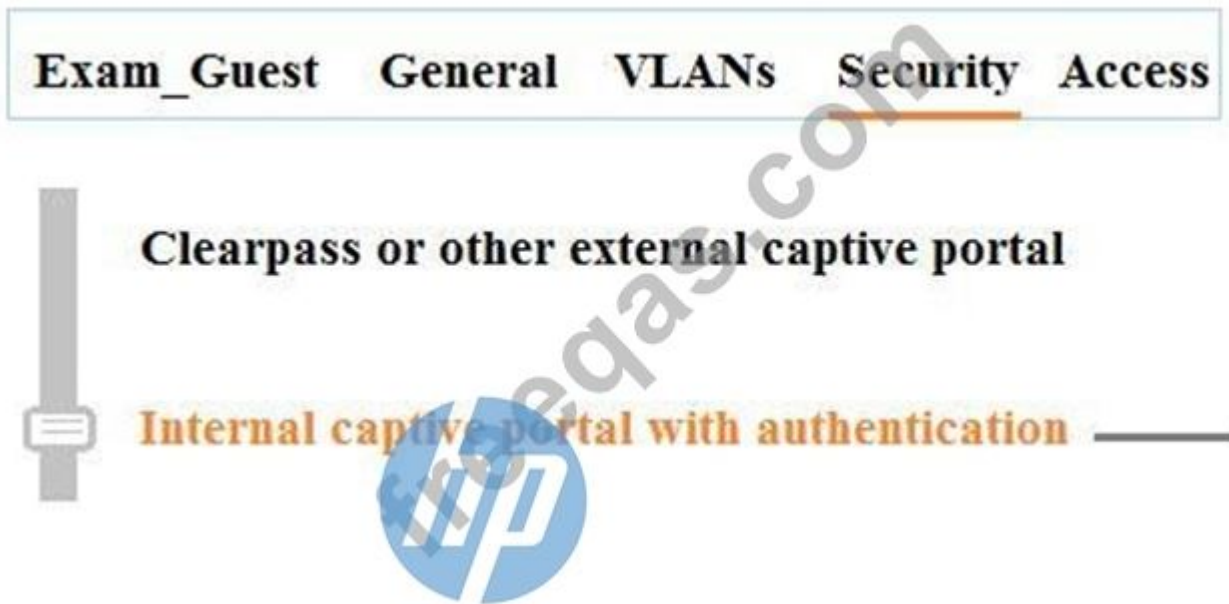


Exhibit 3

The screenshot shows the configuration page for 'Exam_Guest' with the 'Security' tab selected. The 'Default role:' field is set to 'exam_guest-guest-logon'.

A network administrator creates a guest WLAN on an Aruba Mobility Manager (MM). The exhibits show some of the settings for the WLAN. The administrator does not change the policies for those roles.

How does the firewall control guest clients when they first connect to the WLAN?

- A. It does not permit them to send any traffic until they are authenticated.
- B. It permits them to send any DHCP and RADIUS traffic. It redirects all web traffic destined to the Internet to a login portal and drops web traffic destined to the private network.
- C. It permits them to send any DHCP and DNS and it redirects all web traffic to a login portal.
- D. It permits them to send any DHCP traffic and DNS and web traffic to the Internet. It redirects web traffic destined to the private network to a login portal.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 59

Refer to the exhibit.

Roles Policies Applications

Roles > admins Policies Bandwidth Captive Portal More [Show Basic View](#)

NAME	RULES COUNT	TYPE	POLICY USAGE
global-sacl	0	session	guest, stateful-dot1x, defa...
appif-admins-sacl	0	session	admins
admins	0	session	admins
allow-network1	1	session	admins

admins Policies > allow-network1

TYPE	SOURCE	DESTINATION	SERVICE/APPLICATI...	ALLOW
ipv4	user	alias	any	permit

The alias in the rule shown in the exhibit is network 10.1.1.0/24.

A wireless client is assigned IP address 10.1.2.10/24 and the "admins" role. The wireless client at 10.1.2.10 attempts to initiate a Web session with a server at 10.1.1.2. A wired client at 10.1.1.3 attempts to initiate an SSH session with the wireless client at 10.1.2.10.

How does the Aruba firewall handle these attempts?

- A. The firewall permits the traffic from the wireless client, but drops the return traffic from the server. The firewall drops the traffic from the wireless client.
- B. The firewall permits the traffic from the wireless client and also permits the return traffic from the server. The firewall permits the traffic from the wired client and also permits the return traffic from the wireless client.
- C. The firewall permits the traffic from the wireless client and also permits the return traffic from the server. The firewall drops the traffic from the wired client.
- D. The firewall drops the traffic from the wireless client. The firewall drops the traffic from the wired client.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 60

A company has an Aruba solution. The company wants to support a guest WLAN with the internal captive portal, but the company also wants to develop their own custom portal pages.

What correctly describes the level of customization that the internal captive portal supports?

- A. Administrators can modify the default internal captive portal pages or upload pages developed externally.
- B. The internal captive portal must use the default pages without modification, but administrators can upload pages developed externally.
- C. The internal captive portal must use the default pages without modification, and administrators cannot upload pages developed externally.
- D. Administrators can modify the default internal captive portal pages, but cannot upload pages developed externally.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 61

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1



Exhibit 2

The screenshot shows a network management interface with a table of clients. The table has columns for Client, Health(%), IP Address, Band, Radio PHY, Client PHY, Device, Role, and Forward Mode. There is one client listed with a health of 98%.

Client	Health(%)	IP Address	Band	Radio PHY	Client PHY	Device	Role	Forward Mode
d8:50:e60:f3:6e:bd	98	192.168.99.2	5GHz	VHT 80 MHz	VHT 80 MHz	Unknown	exam_g...t-logon	Tunnel

A company has a Mobility Master (MM)-based solution with a guest WLAN. Users can connect to the WLAN, but they receive the error shown browser rather than see login page. Exhibit 2 shows the status for one of the guest clients.

What is one issue that could cause the errors described?

- A. The firewall blocks DHCP traffic between the guest clients and the DHCP server.
- B. The DHCP pool for guests does not assign users a DNS server address.
- C. The Captive Portal is not enabled for the role to which these clients are assigned.
- D. The MM and Mobility Controllers (MCs) have invalid certificates.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

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NEW QUESTION: 62

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1

Exam_Guest General **VLANs** Security Access

VLAN:

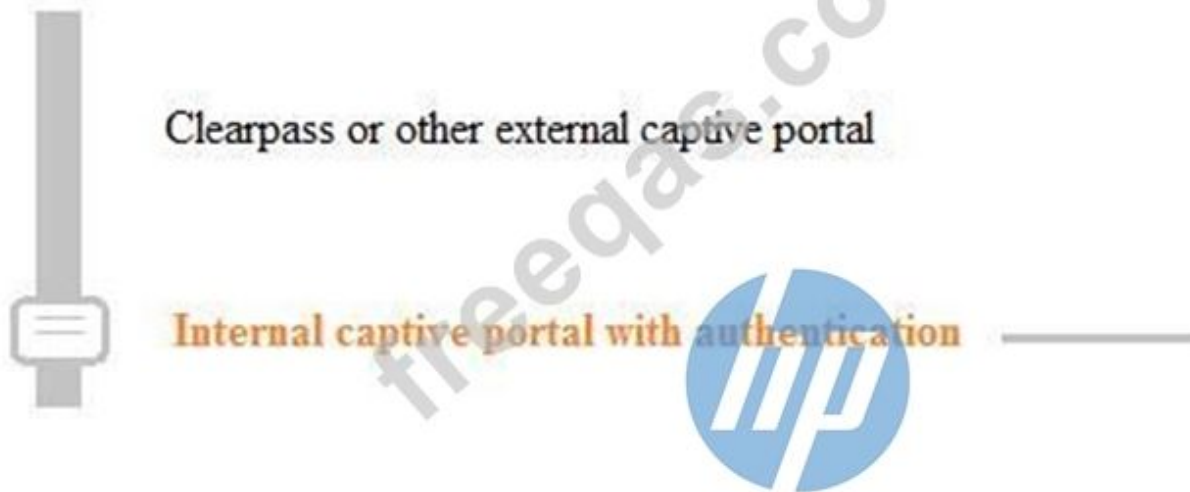
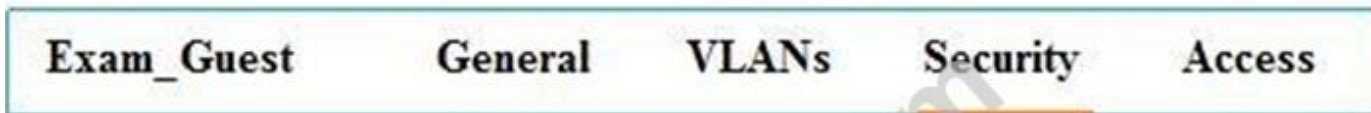
[Hide VLAN details](#)

Named VLANs	
NAME	ID(S)
employee	51
guest	99
..	1,55

+

VLAN IDs							
ID	IPV4 ADDRE...	IPV6 ADDRE...	ENABLE NAT	PORT MEM...	ADMIN STATE	OPERATION...	DHCP SETT...
99	Enabled	..	Enabled	N/A	None

Exhibit 2



A network administrator configures a guest WLAN on an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based solution. The exhibits show some of the settings for this WLAN.

Which settings must the administrator configure on each Mobility Controller (MC) at the device level for this configuration to function properly?

- A. VLAN 99 IP settings
- B. CPSec certificates
- C. an IPsec preshared key
- D. a portal page

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 63

A company has an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based solution. Under which circumstance will an AP radio change channel without the use of the Mobility Master (MM)?

- A. when the AP detects a large amount of interference on its channel
- B. when the Client Match rules indicate that nearby clients do not support the current channel
- C. when the Mobility Controller (MC) detects a rogue AP on the channel
- D. when the MM detects that a different channel has significant better quality

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 64

A company has an Aruba solution. A network administrator wants to prevent wireless users from accessing shopping web sites with a bad reputation.

What should the administrator set up to deny such traffic?

- A. firewall application rules
- B. application filters in the Traffic Analysis dashboard
- C. firewall access control rules that specify HTTP and HTTPS services

D. an AppRF engine

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 65

A network administrator reduces an AP radio transmit power from 18 dBm to 15 dBm. This is a loss of 3 dBms.

What is the current power as a percentage of the original power?

A. 33%

B. 10%

C. 50%

D. 83%

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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