

# Snowflake.SnowPro-Core.v2023-08-02.q257

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## NEW QUESTION: 1

How should a virtual warehouse be configured if a user wants to ensure that additional multi-clusters are resumed with no delay?

- A. Set the minimum and maximum clusters to autoscale
- B. Use the economy warehouse scaling policy
- C. Use the standard warehouse scaling policy
- D. Configure the warehouse to a size larger than generally required

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

## NEW QUESTION: 2

What is a limitation of a Materialized View?

- A. A Materialized View cannot support any aggregate functions
- B. A Materialized View can only reference up to two tables
- C. A Materialized View cannot be joined with other tables
- D. A Materialized View cannot be defined with a JOIN

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

There are several limitations to using materialized views:

A materialized view can query only a single table.

Joins, including self-joins, are not supported.

## NEW QUESTION: 3

Which of the following can be executed/called with Snowpipe?

- A. A User Defined Function (UDF)
- B. A single insert\_\_into statement
- C. A stored procedure
- D. A single copy\_\_into statement

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 4**

True or False: Snowflake charges additional fees to Data providers for each share they create.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 5**

A user needs to create a materialized view in the schema MYDB.MYSCHEMA. Which statements will provide this access?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option B
- B. Option A
- C. Option D
- D. Option C

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 6**

True or False the longer the data retention period, the higher the resulting storage costs.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 7**

How would you execute a series of SQL statements using Task?

A. include the SQL statements in the body of the task create task mytask.. as insert into target1 select., from stream\_s1 where ..

INSERT INTO target2 SELECT .. FROM stream .s1 where ..

B. A stored procedure executing multiple SQL statements and invoke the stored procedure from the task. CREATE TASK mytask.... AS call stored\_proc\_multiple\_statements\_inside():

C. Create a task for each SQL statement (e.g. resulting in task1. task2, etc) and string the series of SQL statements by having a control task calling task 1, task 2 sequentially.

D. A stored procedure can have only one DML statement per stored procedure invocation and therefore you should sequence stored procedures calls in the task definition CREATE TASK mytask.... AS call stored\_prc1(); call stored\_proc2t);

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 8**

Which of the following are common use cases for zero-copy cloning?

Choose 3 answers

- A. Quick provisioning of Dev and Test/QA environments
- B. Data backups
- C. Point in time snapshots
- D. Performance optimization

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/question/0D50Z00009C3VIMSAV/zero-copy-cloning>

**NEW QUESTION: 9**

What is the recommended file sizing for data loading using Snowpipe?

- A. A compressed file size greater than 100 MB, and up to 250 MB
- B. A compressed file size greater than 100 GB, and up to 250 GB
- C. A compressed file size greater than 10 MB, and up to 100 MB
- D. A compressed file size greater than 1 GB, and up to 2 GB

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://www.phdata.io/blog/how-to-optimize-snowpipe-data-load/#:~:text=Snowpipe%20is%20typically%20use>

**NEW QUESTION: 10**

Which of the following statements describes a schema in Snowflake?

- A. A logical grouping of objects that belongs to multiple databases
- B. A logical grouping of objects that belongs to a single database
- C. A uniquely identified Snowflake account within a business entity
- D. A named Snowflake object that includes all the information required to share a database

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 11**

Which data type can be used to store geospatial data in Snowflake?

- A. Variant
- B. Object
- C. Geometry
- D. Geography

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-geospatial.html#:~:text=have%20SRID%3D4326.-,Geos>

### NEW QUESTION: 12

On which of the following cloud platform can a Snowflake account be hosted?

Choose 2 answers

- A. Private Virtual Cloud
- B. Oracle Cloud
- C. Amazon Web Services
- D. Microsoft Azure Cloud

**Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 13

Which of the following are best practice recommendations that should be considered when loading data into Snowflake? (Select TWO).

- A. Load files that are approximately 25 MB or smaller.
- B. Remove all dates and timestamps.
- C. Load files that are approximately 100-250 MB (or larger)
- D. Avoid using embedded characters such as commas for numeric data types
- E. Remove semi-structured data types

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-considerations-prepare.html>

### NEW QUESTION: 14

What is the minimum Snowflake edition that provides data sharing?

- A. Enterprise
- B. Standard
- C. Premier
- D. Business Critical Edition

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 15

Using variables in Snowflake is denoted by using which SQL character?

- A. #
- B. &
- C. @
- D. \$

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 16

What is the MOST performant file format for loading data in Snowflake?

- A. CSV (Gzipped)
- B. ORC
- C. Parquet
- D. CSV (Unzipped)

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 17**

Which Snowflake technique can be used to improve the performance of a query?

- A. Clustering
- B. Indexing
- C. Fragmenting
- D. Using INDEX\_\_HINTS

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 18**

What features does Snowflake Time Travel enable?

- A. Querying data-related objects that were created within the past 365 days
- B. Restoring data-related objects that have been deleted within the past 90 days
- C. Conducting point-in-time analysis for BI reporting
- D. Analyzing data usage/manipulation over all periods of time

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Snowflake Time Travel enables accessing historical data (i.e. data that has been changed or deleted) at any point within a defined period. It serves as a powerful tool for performing the following tasks:

Restoring data-related objects (tables, schemas, and databases) that might have been accidentally or intentionally deleted.

Duplicating and backing up data from key points in the past.

Analyzing data usage/manipulation over specified periods of time.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-time-travel.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 19**

How does Snowflake Fail-safe protect data in a permanent table?

- A. Fail-safe makes data available for 7 days, recoverable only by Snowflake Support.
- B. Fail-safe makes data available for 7 days, recoverable by user operations.
- C. Fail-safe makes data available up to 1 day, recoverable by user operations.
- D. Fail-safe makes data available up to 1 day, recoverable only by Snowflake Support.

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 20**

Which of the following are characteristics of security in Snowflake?

- A. Private communication to internal stages is allowed in the Snowflake Enterprise edition and higher.
- B. Periodic rekeying of encrypted data is available with the Snowflake Enterprise edition and higher
- C. Support for HIPAA and GDPR compliance is available for UI Snowflake editions.
- D. Account and user authentication is only available with the Snowflake Business Critical edition.

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 21**

When a Pipe is recreated using the CREATE OR REPLACE PIPE command:

- A. The Pipe load history is reset to empty
- B. The REFRESH parameter is set to TRUE
- C. Previously loaded files will be ignored
- D. All of the above

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-manage.html#load-history>

"When a pipe is recreated, the load history is dropped."

**NEW QUESTION: 22**

True or False: Snowflake charges a premium for storing semi-structured data.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

Reference:

<https://snowflakecommunity.force.com/s/question/0D50Z00008ckwNuSAI/does-snowflakecharges-premium-for-storing-semi-structured-data>

**NEW QUESTION: 23**

The bulk data load history that is available upon completion of the COPY statement is stored where and for how long?

- A. In the metadata of the target table for 14 days
- B. In the metadata of the target table for 64 days
- C. In the metadata of the pipe for 14 days
- D. In the metadata of the pipe for 64 days

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 24**

Which of the following activities consume virtual warehouse credits in the Snowflake environment? (Choose two.)

- A. Caching query results
- B. Running COPY commands
- C. Cloning a database
- D. Running a custom query
- E. Running EXPLAIN and SHOW commands

**Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 25**

When can a Virtual Warehouse start running queries?

- A. 12am-5am
- B. Only during administrator defined time slots
- C. When its provisioning is complete
- D. After replication

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-overview.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 26**

True or False: Data Providers can share data with only the Data Consumer.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 27**

True or False: Loading data into Snowflake requires that source data files be no larger than 16MB.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

By default, COPY INTO location statements separate table data into a set of output files to take advantage of parallel operations. The maximum size for each file is set using the

MAX\_FILE\_SIZE copy option. The default value is 16777216 (16 MB) but can be increased to accommodate larger files. The maximum file size supported is 5 GB for Amazon S3, Google Cloud Storage, or Microsoft Azure stages. To unload data to a single output file (at the potential cost of decreased performance), specify the SINGLE = true copy option in your statement. You can optionally specify a name for the file in the path.

**NEW QUESTION: 28**

If a Snowflake user decides a table should be clustered, what should be used as the cluster key?

- A. The columns that are queried in the select clause.
- B. The columns with many different values.
- C. The columns with very high cardinality.
- D. The columns most actively used in the select filters.

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 29**

Which copy INTO command outputs the data into one file?

- A. SINGLE=TRUE
- B. FILE\_NUMBER=1
- C. MULTIPLE=FAISE
- D. MAX\_FILE\_NUMBER=1

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 30**

True or False: Once created, a micro-partition will never be changed.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer:** A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Reference: <https://interworks.com/blog/kbridges/2019/03/12/time-travel-with-snowflake/>

**NEW QUESTION: 31**

Which of the following commands cannot be used within a reader account?

- A. CREATE SHARE
- B. ALTER WAREHOUSE
- C. DROP ROLE
- D. SHOW SCHEMAS
- E. DESCRIBE TABLE

**Answer:** B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

A reader account is intended primarily for querying data shared by the provider of the account. Adding new data to the account and/or updating shared data in the account is not supported. Changing the configuration of virtual warehouses is also not permitted as those

resources are owned and managed by the provider of the account which is sharing the data.

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### NEW QUESTION: 32

True or False: Pipes can be suspended and resumed.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-intro.html#pausing-or-resuming-pipes> Pausing or Resuming Pipes In addition to the pipe owner, a role that has the following minimum permissions can pause or resume the pipe:

### NEW QUESTION: 33

Why would a customer size a Virtual Warehouse from an X-Small to a Medium?

- A. To accommodate more users
- B. To accommodate a more complex workload
- C. To accommodate fluctuations in workload
- D. To accommodate more queries

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 34

True or False: A third-party tool that supports standard JDBC or ODBC but has no Snowflake-specific driver will be unable to connect to Snowflake.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/jdbc.html>

Snowflake provides a JDBC type 4 driver that supports core JDBC functionality. The JDBC driver must be installed in a 64-bit environment and requires Java 1.8 (or higher). The

driver can be used with most client tools/applications that support JDBC for connecting to a database server.

**NEW QUESTION: 35**

True or False: Snowpipe via RFST API can only reference External Stages as source.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Making-Transient-table-by-Default>

**NEW QUESTION: 36**

Which file formats are supported for unloading data from Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. Avro
- B. JSON
- C. ORC
- D. XML
- E. Delimited (CSV, TSV, etc.)

**Answer: C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference:

[https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-prepare.html#:~:text=Supported%20File%20Formats,-Th%20comma%20\(i.e.%20CSV\).&text=File%20format%20options%20specify%20the,the%20format%20of%20th](https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-prepare.html#:~:text=Supported%20File%20Formats,-Th%20comma%20(i.e.%20CSV).&text=File%20format%20options%20specify%20the,the%20format%20of%20th)

**NEW QUESTION: 37**

What command is used to load files into an Internal Stage within Snowflake? Select one.

- A. PUT
- B. COPY INTO
- C. TRANSFER
- D. INSERT

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

You must specify an internal stage in the PUT command when uploading files to Snowflake. You must specify the same stage in the COPY INTO <table> command when loading data into a table from the staged files.

**NEW QUESTION: 38**

True or False: The user has to specify which cluster a query will run on in multi-clustering Warehouse.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 39**

Snowflake is designed for which type of workloads? (Choose two.)

- A. OLAP (Analytics) workloads
- B. OLTP (Transactional) workloads
- C. Concurrent workloads
- D. On-premise workloads

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://blog.couchbase.com/its-the-workload-stupid/>

<https://www.quora.com/Can-Snowflake-be-used-for-an-OLTP-system-or-is-it-only-best-suited-for-warehousing>

**NEW QUESTION: 40**

True or False: When you create a custom role, it is a best practice to immediately grant that role to ACCOUNTADMIN.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-considerations.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 41**

Which of the following statements are true of Snowflake releases: (Choose two.)

- A. They happen approximately weekly
- B. They roll up and release approximately monthly, but customers can request early release application
- C. During a release, new customer requests/queries/connections transparently move over to the newer version
- D. A customer is assigned a 30 minute window (that can be moved anytime within a week) during which the system will be unavailable and customer is upgraded

**Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-releases.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 42**

If auto-suspend is enable for a Virtual Warehouse, he Warehouse is automatically suspended when:

- A. The last query using the warehouse completes.
- B. All Snowflake sessions using the warehouse are terminated.
- C. The Warehouse is inactive for a specified period of time.
- D. There are no users loaned into Snowflake.

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 43**

During periods of warehouse contention which parameter controls the maximum length of time a warehouse will hold a query for processing?

- A. STATEMENT\_TIMEOUT\_\_IN\_\_SECONDS
- B. STATEMENT\_QUEUED\_TIMEOUT\_IN\_SECONDS
- C. MAX\_CONCURRENCY\_\_LEVEL
- D. QUERY\_TIMEOUT\_IN\_SECONDS

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

The parameter STATEMENT\_QUEUED\_TIMEOUT\_IN\_SECONDS sets the limit for a query to wait in the queue in order to get its chance of running on the warehouse. The query will quit after reaching this limit. By default, the value of this parameter is 0 which mean the queries will wait indefinitely in the waiting queue

<https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Warehouse-Concurrency-and-Statement-Timeout-Parameters#:~:text=The%20parameter>

%20STATEMENT\_QUEUED\_TIMEOUT\_IN\_SECONDS%20sets%20the,indefinitely%20in%20the%20waiting%20queue.

**NEW QUESTION: 44**

What is the minimum Snowflake edition that provides data sharing?

- A. Standard
- B. Premier
- C. Enterprise
- D. Business Critical Edition

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-editions.html#data-sharing>

**NEW QUESTION: 45**

As a best practice, clustering keys should only be defined on tables of which minimum size?

- A. Multi-Terabyte (TB) Range
- B. Multi-Megabyte (MB) Range
- C. Multi-Kilobyte (KB) Range
- D. Multi-Gigabyte (GB) Range

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 46**

Which of the following are benefits of micro-partitioning? (Select TWO)

- A. Micro-partitions cannot overlap in their range of values
- B. Micro-partitions are immutable objects that support the use of Time Travel.

- C. Micro-partitions can reduce the amount of I/O from object storage to virtual warehouses
- D. Rows are automatically stored in sorted order within micro-partitions
- E. Micro-partitions can be defined on a schema-by-schema basis

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-micropartitions.html>

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 47**

Which Snowflake objects track DML changes made to tables, like inserts, updates, and deletes?

- A. Pipes
- B. Streams
- C. Tasks
- D. Procedures

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://dataterrain.com/how-to-change-tracking-using-table-streams-in-snowflake/#:~:text=A%20stream%20is%20a%20Snowflake,as%20metadata%20about%20each%20change.>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 48**

Which Snowflake object enables loading data from files as soon as they are available in a cloud storage location?

- A. Pipe
- B. External stage
- C. Task
- D. Stream

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

Snowpipe enables loading data from files as soon as they're available in a stage. This means you can load data from files in micro-batches, making it available to users within minutes, rather than manually executing COPY statements on a schedule to load larger batches.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-intro.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 49**

which of the following are valid approaches to loading data into a snowflake table? select all the below that apply.

- A. Bulk copy from an Internal Stage
- B. Bulk copy from an External Stage
- C. The Snowflake Web Interface (UI) data loading wizard
- D. Continuous load using Snowpipe REST API

**Answer: A,B,C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 50**

Which formats are supported for unloading data from Snowflake?

Choose 2 answers

- A. Avro
- B. Delimited (CSV, TSV, etc.)
- C. ISON
- D. ORC

**Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 51**

Which of the following features are available with the Snowflake Enterprise edition?

(Choose two.)

- A. Database replication and failover
- B. Extended time travel
- C. Customer managed keys (Tri-secret secure)
- D. Native support for geospatial data
- E. Automated index management

**Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 52**

True or False: A Virtual Warehouse can be resized while suspended.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-tasks.html#effects-of-resizing-a-suspended-warehouse>

**NEW QUESTION: 53**

What happens when a cloned table is replicated to a secondary database? (Select TWO)

- A. A read-only copy of the cloned tables is stored.
- B. The replication will not be successful.
- C. The physical data is replicated
- D. Additional costs for storage are charged to a secondary account
- E. Metadata pointers to cloned tables are replicated

**Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Cloned objects are replicated physically rather than logically to secondary databases. That is, cloned tables in a standard database do not contribute to the overall data storage unless or until DML operations on the clone add to or modify existing data. However, when a cloned table is replicated to a secondary database, the physical data is also replicated, increasing the data storage usage for your account.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/database-replication-considerations.html#:~:text=Replication%20and%20Cloning,-Cloned%20objects%20are&text=However%2C%20when%20a%20cloned%20table,storage%20usage%20for%20your%20account.>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 54**

A role is created and owns 2 tables. This role is then dropped. Who will now own the two tables?

- A. The assumed role that dropped the role
- B. The user that deleted the role
- C. The tables are now orphaned
- D. SYSADMIN

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 55**

True or False: A single database can exist in more than one Snowflake account.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 56**

True or False: Snowpipe via RFST API can only reference External Stages as source.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 57**

If a Small Warehouse is made up of 2 servers/cluster, how many servers/cluster make up a Medium Warehouse?

- A. 4

- B. 16
- C. 32
- D. 128

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-overview.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 58**

In which use cases does Snowflake apply egress charges?

- A. Data sharing within a specific region
- B. Query result retrieval
- C. Database replication
- D. Loading data into Snowflake

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

Cloud providers apply data egress

- \* Data is transferred from one region to another within the same cloud platform.
- \* Data is transferred out of the cloud platform.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/billing-data-transfer.html#:~:text=Cloud%20providers%20apply%20d>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 59**

What is the recommended file sizing for data loading using Snowpipe?

- A. A compressed file size greater than 100 MB, and up to 250 MB
- B. A compressed file size greater than 100 GB, and up to 250 GB
- C. A compressed file size greater than 10 MB, and up to 100 MB
- D. A compressed file size greater than 1 GB, and up to 2 GB

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

<https://www.phdata.io/blog/how-to-optimize-snowpipe-data-load/#:~:text=Snowpipe%20is%20typically%20used%20to,data%20within%20one%2Dminute%20intervals.>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 60**

Which command can be used to load data into an internal stage?

- A. LOAD
- B. copy
- C. GET
- D. PUT

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

<https://medium.com/@divyanshsaxenaofficial/snowflake-loading-unloading-of-data-part-1-internal-stages-7121cc3cc9>

**NEW QUESTION: 61**

Which of the following objects can be cloned? (Choose four.)

- A. Schemas
- B. Tables
- C. Databases
- D. Shares
- E. Users
- F. Named File Formats

**Answer: A,B,C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

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**NEW QUESTION: 62**

How many shares can be consumed by single Data Consumer?

- A. 100, but can be increased by contacting support
- B. 1
- C. 10
- D. Unlimited

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 63**

Snowflake provides two mechanisms to reduce data storage costs for short-lived tables.

These mechanisms are:

Choose 2 answers

- A. Provisional Tables
- B. Permanent Tables
- C. Transient Tables
- D. Temporary Tables

**Answer: C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 64**

In the Snowflake access control model, which entity owns an object by default?

- A. The SYSADMIN role
- B. Ownership depends on the type of object

- C. The role used to create the object
- D. The user who created the object

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 65**

True or False: The COPY command must specify a File Format in order to execute.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Create Stage:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-stage.html>

Create Table (STAGE\_FILE\_FORMAT option):

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-table.html>

Copy Into:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/copy-into-table.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 66**

What is the maximum compressed row size in Snowflake?

- A. 8KB
- B. 16MB
- C. 50MB
- D. 4000GB

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

MAX size for compressed data for semi-structured data type is also 16 MB. That means if our table has a semi-structured data type column with 16MB data other columns will have NULL data.

#### **NEW QUESTION: 67**

Which of the following roles is recommended to be used to create and manage users and roles?

- A. SYSADMIN
- B. SECURITYADMIN
- C. PUBLIC
- D. ACCOUNTADMIN

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-overview.html>

"Security admin: Role that can manage any object grant globally, as well as create, monitor, and manage users and roles"

#### **NEW QUESTION: 68**

What services does Snowflake automatically provide for customer that they may have been responsible for with their on premise system? Select all the below that apply.

- A. Patching software
- B. Maintaining metadata and statistics
- C. Physical security
- D. Installing and configuring hardware

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

#### **NEW QUESTION: 69**

The FLATEEN function is used to query which type of data in Snowflake?

- A. Semi-structured data
- B. None of the above
- C. Structured data
- D. Both of the above

**Answer:** A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

#### **NEW QUESTION: 70**

Which data type can be used to store geospatial data in Snowflake?

- A. Variant
- B. Object
- C. Geometry
- D. Geography

**Answer:** D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-geospatial.html#:~:text=have%20SRID%3D4326.-,Geospatial%20Object%20Types,Point>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 71**

How long is the Fail-safe period for temporary and transient tables?

- A. There is no Fail-safe period for these tables.
- B. 1 day
- C. 7 days
- D. 31 days
- E. 90 days

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-temp-transient.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 72**

A company needs to read multiple terabytes of data for an initial load as part of a Snowflake migration. The company can control the number and size of CSV extract files. How does Snowflake recommend maximizing the load performance?

- A. Use auto-ingest Snowpipes to load large files in a serverless model.

- B.** Produce a larger number of smaller files and process the ingestion with size Small virtual warehouses.
- C.** Produce the largest files possible, reducing the overall number of files to process.
- D.** Use an external tool to issue batched row-by-row inserts within BEGIN TRANSACTION and COMMIT commands.

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 73**

What is the MINIMUM Snowflake edition required to use the periodic rekeying of micro-partitions?

- A.** Enterprise
- B.** Business Critical
- C.** Standard
- D.** Virtual Private Snowflake

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-editions.html#business-critical-edition>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 74**

Which TABLE function helps to convert semi-structured data to a relational representation?

- A.** FLATTEN
- B.** TO\_JSON
- C.** PARSE\_JSON
- D.** CHECK\_JSON

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 75**

What impacts the credit consumption of maintaining a materialized view? (Choose two.)

- A.** How often the underlying base table is queried
- B.** Whether the materialized view has a cluster key defined
- C.** How often the base table changes
- D.** Whether or not it is also a secure view
- E.** How often the materialized view is queried

**Answer: B,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 76**

Which of the following statements are true of VALIDATION\_MODE in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A.** The validation\_mode option is used when creating an Internal Stage
- B.** The validation\_mode option will validate data to be loaded by the copy statement while completing the load and will return the rows that could not be loaded without error

C. The validation\_mode option will validate data to be loaded by the copy statement without completing the load and will return possible errors

D. validation\_mode=return\_all\_errors is a parameter of the copy command

**Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 77**

True or False: Each worksheet in the Snowflake Web Interface (UI) can be associated with different roles, databases, schemas, and Virtual Warehouses.

A. True

B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 78**

Which of the following statements would be used to export/unload data from Snowflake?

A. COPY INTO @stage

B. EXPORT TO @stage

C. INSERT INTO @stage

D. EXPORT\_TO\_STAGE(stage => @Wage, select => 'select \* from t1');

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-considerations.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 79**

A user has unloaded data from a Snowflake table to an external stage.

Which command can be used to verify if data has been uploaded to the external stage named my\_stage?

A. show @my\_stage

B. display @my\_stage

C. view @my\_stage

D. list @my\_stage

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 80**

True or False: A third-party tool that supports standard JDBC or ODBC but has no Snowflake-specific driver will be unable to connect to Snowflake.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/jdbc.html>

Snowflake provides a JDBC type 4 driver that supports core JDBC functionality. The JDBC driver must be installed in a 64-bit environment and requires Java 1.8 (or higher). The driver can be used with most client tools/applications that support JDBC for connecting to a database server.

### NEW QUESTION: 81

Which type of table corresponds to a single Snowflake session?

- A. Permanent
- B. Transient
- C. Temporary
- D. Provisional

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 82

Which of the following connectors are available in the Downloads section of the Snowflake Web Interface (UI)?

(Choose two.)

- A. SnowSQL
- B. ODBC
- C. R
- D. HIVE

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/connecting.html>

### NEW QUESTION: 83

Which statements are correct concerning the leveraging of third-party data from the Snowflake Data Marketplace? (Choose two.)

- A. Data needs to be loaded into a cloud provider as a consumer account.
- B. Data transformations are required when combining Data Marketplace datasets with existing data in Snowflake.
- C. Data is not available for copying or moving to an individual Snowflake account.
- D. Data is available without copying or moving.
- E. Data is live, ready-to-query, and can be personalized.

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 84**

What features that are part of the Continuous Data Protection (CDP) feature set in Snowflake do not require additional configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. Time Travel
- B. Data encryption
- C. Data masking policies
- D. External tokenization
- E. Row level access policies

**Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 85**

True or False: Reader Accounts incur no additional Compute costs to the Data Provider since they are simply reading the shared data without making changes.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://interworks.com/blog/bdu/2020/02/05/zero-to-snowflake-secure-data-sharing/>

**NEW QUESTION: 86**

In which layer of its architecture does Snowflake store its metadata statistics?

Select one.

- A. Database Layer
- B. Compute Layer
- C. Cloud Service Layer
- D. Storage Layer

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 87**

Which stages are used with the Snowflake PUT command to upload files from a local file system? (Choose three.)

- A. External Named Stage
- B. Schema Stage
- C. Database Stage
- D. Internal Named Stage
- E. User Stage
- F. Table Stage

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 88**

A company's security audit requires generating a report listing all Snowflake logins (e.g., date and user) within the last 90 days. Which of the following statements will return the required information?

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)
- A. Option A
- B. Option D
- C. Option B
- D. Option C

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

#### **NEW QUESTION: 89**

In which layer of its architecture does Snowflake store its metadata statistics?

- A. Storage Layer
- B. Compute Layer
- C. Database Layer
- D. Cloud Services Layer

**Answer:** D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Explanation/Reference: <https://hevodata.com/blog/snowflake-architecture-cloud-data-warehouse/>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 90**

Which Snowflake objects track DML changes made to tables, like inserts, updates, and deletes?

- A. Pipes
- B. Streams
- C. Tasks
- D. Procedures

**Answer:** B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Explanation

[https://dataterrain.com/how-to-change-tracking-using-table-streams-in-snowflake/#:~:text=A%20stream%20is%](https://dataterrain.com/how-to-change-tracking-using-table-streams-in-snowflake/#:~:text=A%20stream%20is%20)

#### **NEW QUESTION: 91**

True or false: it is best practice to define a clustering key on every table.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer:** A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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**NEW QUESTION: 92**

When unloading to a stage, which of the following is a recommended practice or approach?

- A. Avoid the use of the CAST function
- B. Set SINGLE: = true for larger files
- C. Define an individual file format
- D. Use OBJECT\_CONSTRUCT ( \* ) when using Parquet

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 93**

Which of the following statements describes a benefit of Snowflake's separation of compute and storage?

(Choose all that apply.)

- A. Growth of storage and compute are tightly coupled together
- B. Storage expands without the requirement to add more compute
- C. Compute can be scaled up or down without the requirement to add more storage
- D. Multiple compute clusters can access stored data without contention

**Answer: B,C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference:

<https://towardsdatascience.com/why-you-are-throwing-money-away-if-your-cloud-data-warehousedoesnt- separate-storage-and-compute-65d2dff450f>

**NEW QUESTION: 94**

True or False: Snowflake charges additional fees to Data providers for each share they create.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 95**

Which statement about billing applies to Snowflake credits?

- A. Credits are billed per-minute with a 60-minute minimum

- B. Credits are used to pay for cloud data storage usage
- C. Credits are consumed based on the number of credits billed for each hour that a warehouse runs
- D. Credits are consumed based on the warehouse size and the time the warehouse is running

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Snowflake credits are used to pay for the consumption of resources on Snowflake. A Snowflake credit is a unit of measure, and it is consumed only when a customer is using resources, such as when a virtual warehouse is running, the cloud services layer is performing work, or serverless features are used.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/what-are-credits.html>

### **NEW QUESTION: 96**

Select the three types of tables that exist within Snowflake.

Choose 3 answers

- A. Permanent
- B. Temporary
- C. Provisioned
- D. Transient

**Answer:** A,B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### **NEW QUESTION: 97**

When scaling up Virtual Warehouse by increasing Virtual Warehouse t-shirt size, you are primarily scaling for improved:

Select one.

- A. Performance
- B. Concurrency

**Answer:** A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### **NEW QUESTION: 98**

Credit Consumption by the Compute Layer (Virtual Warehouses) is based on: (Choose two.)

- A. Number of users
- B. Warehouse size
- C. Amount of data processed
- D. # of clusters for the Warehouse

**Answer:** B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/credits.html#virtual-warehouse-credit-usage>

"Snowflake credits are charged based on the number of virtual warehouses you use, how long they run, and their size."

**NEW QUESTION: 99**

Which methods can be used to delete staged files from a Snowflake stage? (Choose two.)

- A. Use the DELETE LOAD HISTORY command after the load completes.
- B. Use the REMOVE command after the load completes.
- C. Specify the PURGE copy option in the COPY INTO <table> command.
- D. Use the DROP <file> command after the load completes.
- E. Specify the TEMPORARY option when creating the file format.

**Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 100**

What privileges are required to execute a task?

- A. A task is an account-level object and can only be executed by the Account Admin role.
- B. Tasks are stored in a special database called the utility database and require EXECUTE TASK privilege in the utility database.
- C. To execute a task, you need the EXECUTE TASK.
- D. Tasks run automatically and do run under any role.

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 101**

In which layer of its architecture does Snowflake store its metadata statistics?

Select one.

- A. Storage Layer
- B. Compute Layer
- C. Database Layer
- D. Cloud Service Layer

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

Reference: <https://hevodata.com/blog/snowflake-architecture-cloud-data-warehouse/>

**NEW QUESTION: 102**

True or False: Reader Accounts are able to extract data from shared data objects for use outside of Snowflake.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 103**

Which of the following Snowflake features provide continuous data protection automatically? (Select TWO).

- A. Internal stages
- B. Incremental backups
- C. Time Travel

D. Zero-copy clones

E. Fail-safe

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation

Time travel and fail safe are the two continuous data protection features support the recovery of data automatically.

Snowflake provides powerful CDP features for ensuring the maintenance and availability of your historical data (i.e. data that has been changed or deleted):

\* Querying, cloning, and restoring historical data in tables, schemas, and databases for up to 90 days through Snowflake Time Travel.

\* Disaster recovery of historical data (by Snowflake) through Snowflake Fail-safe.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-availability.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 104**

Which object allows you to limit the number of credits consumed within a Snowflake account?

Select one.

A. Credit Consumption Tracker

B. Warehouse Limit Parameter

C. Account usage Tracking

D. Resource Monitor

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 105**

True or False: Data Providers can share data with only the Data Consumer.

A. False

B. True

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 106**

What Snowflake features allow virtual warehouses to handle high concurrency workloads? (Select TWO)

A. The ability to scale up warehouses

B. The ability to resize warehouses

C. The use of warehouse indexing

D. The use of warehouse auto scaling

E. Use of multi-clustered warehouses

**Answer: D,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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**NEW QUESTION: 107**

What is the recommended Snowflake data type to store semi-structured data like JSON?

- A. VARCHAR
- B. RAW
- C. LOB
- D. VARIANT

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-semistructured.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 108**

What happens when a cloned table is replicated to a secondary database? (Select TWO)

- A. A read-only copy of the cloned tables is stored.
- B. The replication will not be successful.
- C. The physical data is replicated
- D. Additional costs for storage are charged to a secondary account
- E. Metadata pointers to cloned tables are replicated

**Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

Cloned objects are replicated physically rather than logically to secondary databases. That is, cloned tables in a standard database do not contribute to the overall data storage unless or until DML operations on the clone add to or modify existing data. However, when a cloned table is replicated to a secondary database, the physical data is also replicated, increasing the data storage usage for your account.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/database-replication-considerations.html#:~:text=Replication%20and%>

**NEW QUESTION: 109**

Which query profile statistics help determine if efficient pruning is occurring? (Choose two.)

- A. Partitions total
- B. Partitions scanned
- C. Bytes sent over network
- D. Percentage scanned from cache

E. Bytes spilled to local storage

**Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 110**

True or False: Each worksheet in the Snowflake Web Interface (UI) can be associated with different roles, databases, schemas, and Virtual Warehouses.

A. False

B. True

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 111**

A deterministic query is run at 8am, takes 5 minutes, and the results are cached. Which of the following statements are true?

Choose 2 answers

A. The exact query will ALWAYS return the precomputed result set for the RESULT\_CACHE\_ACTIVE = time period

B. The same exact query will return the precomputed results if the underlying data hasn't changed and the results were last accessed within the previous 24 hour period

C. The same exact query will return the precomputed results even if the underlying data has changed as long as the results were last accessed within the previous

D. The "24 hour" on the precomputed results gets renewed every time the exact query is executed

**Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

The results cache will only be used if it's the same query AND the same role executing the query

#### **NEW QUESTION: 112**

True or False: Snowflake's data warehouse was built from the ground up for the cloud in lieu of using an existing database or a platform, like Hadoop, as a base.

A. True

B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-key-concepts.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 113**

A company's security audit requires generating a report listing all Snowflake logins (e.g., date and user) within the last 90 days. Which of the following statements will return the required information?

A. `SELECT LAST_SUCCESS_LOGIN, LOGIN_NAME  
FROM ACCOUNT_USAGE.USERS;`

**B.** SELECT EVENT\_TIMESTAMP, USER\_NAME  
FROM table(information\_schema.login\_history\_by\_user())

**C.** SELECT EVENT\_TIMESTAMP, USER\_NAME  
FROM ACCOUNT\_USAGE.ACCESS\_HISTORY;

**D.** SELECT EVENT\_TIMESTAMP, USER\_NAME  
FROM ACCOUNT\_USAGE.LOGIN\_HISTORY;

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

#### **NEW QUESTION: 114**

True or False: Reader Accounts incur no additional Compute costs to the Data Provider since they are simply reading the shared data without making changes.

**A.** True

**B.** False

**Answer:** **B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Explanation/Reference: <https://interworks.com/blog/bdu/2020/02/05/zero-to-snowflake-secure-data-sharing/>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 115**

What is the minimum Snowflake edition required to create a materialized view?

**A.** Standard Edition

**B.** Enterprise Edition

**C.** Business Critical Edition

**D.** Virtual Private Snowflake Edition

**Answer:** **B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Materialized views require Enterprise Edition. To inquire about upgrading, please contact Snowflake Support

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-materialized-view.html#:~:text=Materialized%20views%20require%20Enterprise%20Edition,upgrading%2C%20please%20contact%20Snowflake%20Support.>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 116**

True or False: A Virtual Warehouse consumes Snowflake credits even when inactive.

**A.** True

**B.** False

**Answer:** **B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-multiclust.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 117**

The PUT command: (Choose two.)

**A.** Automatically creates a File Format object

**B.** Automatically uses the last Stage created

C. Automatically compresses files using Gzip

D. Automatically encrypts files

**Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/put.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 118**

True or False: It is possible to load data into Snowflake without creating a named File Format object.

A. True

B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-external-tutorial-create-file-format.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 119**

Which of the following can be used when unloading data from Snowflake? (Choose two.)

A. The OBJECT\_CONSTRUCT function can be used to convert relational data to semi-structured data.

B. When unloading semi-structured data, it is recommended that the STRIP\_OUTER\_ARRAY option be used.

C. By using the SINGLE = TRUE parameter, a single file up to 5 GB in size can be exported to the storage layer.

D. Use the ENCODING file format option to change the encoding from the default UTF-8.

E. Use the PARSE\_JSON function to ensure structured data will be unloaded into the VARIANT data type.

**Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 120**

Which of the following statements is true of zero-copy cloning?

A. Zero-copy cloning is licensed as an additional Snowflake feature

B. Zero-copy clones inherit

C. All zero-copy clone objects inherit the privileges of their original objects

D. At the instance/instance a clone is created, all micro-partitions in the original table and the clone are fully shared.

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 121**

True or False: You can resize a Virtual Warehouse while queries are running.

A. True

B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-tasks.html>

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**NEW QUESTION: 122**

What types of data listings are available in the Snowflake Data Marketplace? (Choose two.)

- A. Reader
- B. Vendor
- C. Consumer
- D. Personalized
- E. Standard

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 123**

When loading data into Snowflake, how should the data be organized?

- A. Into files of maximum size of 1 GB of compressed data per file
- B. Into single files with 100-250 MB of compressed data per file
- C. Into single files with 1-100 MB of compressed data per file
- D. Into files of maximum size of 4 GB of compressed data per file

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 124**

Which feature allows a user the ability to control the organization of data in a micro-partition?

- A. Horizontal Partitioning
- B. Range Partitioning
- C. Search Optimization Service
- D. Automatic Clustering

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 125**

Which of the following is true of Snowpipe via REST API?

Choose 2 answers

- A. you can only use it on internal Stages
- B. All COPY INTO options are available during pipe creation
- C. Snowflake automatically manages the compute required to execute the Pipe's copy into commands
- D. Snowpipe keeps track of which files it has loaded

**Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-pipe.html#usage-notes>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 126**

Which statement best describes Snowflake tables?

- A. Snowflake tables are the physical instantiation of data loaded into Snowflake
- B. Snowflake tables are owned by a user
- C. Snowflake tables require that clustering keys be defined to perform optimally
- D. Snowflake tables are logical representations of underlying physical data

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 127**

What is the purpose of an External Function?

- A. To call code that executes outside of Snowflake
- B. To run a function in another Snowflake database
- C. To share data in Snowflake with external parties
- D. To ingest data from on-premises data sources

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/external-functions.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 128**

True or False: A table in Snowflake can only be queried using the Virtual Warehouse that was used to load the data.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 129**

What are value types that a VARIANT column can store? (Select TWO)

- A. STRUCT
- B. OBJECT
- C. BINARY
- D. ARRAY
- E. CLOB

**Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

### Characteristics of a VARIANT

A VARIANT can store a value of any other type, including OBJECT and ARRAY. The maximum length of a VARIANT is 16 MB.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-semistructured.html#:~:text=VARIANT-,Characteristics>

### NEW QUESTION: 130

Which of the following connectors allow Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) authorization when connecting?

(Choose all that apply.)

- A. JDBC
- B. SnowSQL
- C. Snowflake Web Interface (UI)
- D. ODBC
- E. Python

**Answer: A,B,C,D,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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### NEW QUESTION: 131

Which of the following statements are true of Snowflake data loading? (Choose three.)

- A. It is recommended to validate the data before loading into the Snowflake target table
- B. It is recommended to use staging tables to manage MERGE statements
- C. It is recommended to do frequent, single row DMLs
- D. VARIANT "null" values are not the same as SQL NULL values

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

### NEW QUESTION: 132

The number of queries that a Virtual Warehouse can concurrently process is determined by:

Choose 2 answers

- A. The complexity of each query
- B. The CONCURRENT\_QUERY\_UMIT parameter set on the Snowflake account
- C. The size of the data required for each query
- D. The tool that is executing the query

**Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-overview.html>

### NEW QUESTION: 133

What is the purpose of an External Function?

- A. To call code that executes outside of Snowflake
- B. To run a function in another Snowflake database

- C. To share data in Snowflake with external parties
- D. To ingest data from on-premises data sources

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/external-functions.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 134**

How can a user change which columns are referenced in a view?

- A. Use the ALTER VIEW command to update the view
- B. Recreate the view with the required changes
- C. Modify the columns in the underlying table
- D. Materialize the view to perform the changes

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 135**

True or False: Fail-safe can be disabled within a Snowflake account.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference:

Separate and distinct from Time Travel, Fail-safe ensures historical data is protected in the event of a system failure or other catastrophic event, e.g. a hardware failure or security breach. Fail safe feature cannot be enabled or disabled from the user end .

#### **NEW QUESTION: 136**

True or False: A 4X-Large Warehouse may, at times, take longer to provision than a X-Small Warehouse.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

You can experiment the same with snowflake UI.

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**NEW QUESTION: 137**

The FLATEEN function is used to query which type of data in Snowflake?

- A. Structured data
- B. Semi-structured data
- C. Both of the above
- D. None of the above

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/querying-semistructured.html>

FLATTEN is used to unnest semi-structured data. Don't see an application for structured data as by definition it shouldn't be nested.

**NEW QUESTION: 138**

A user unloaded a Snowflake table called mytable to an internal stage called mystage.

Which command can be used to view the list of files that has been uploaded to the staged?

- A. list @mytable;
- B. list @%mytable;
- C. list @mystage;
- D. list @ %m.ystage;

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 139**

Which of the following best describes where Snowflake's metadata is stored?

- A. Within the data files
- B. Inside the Virtual Warehouses
- C. within the drivers
- D. In the Cloud Services Layer

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 140**

What is the most granular object that the Time Travel retention period can be defined on?

Select one.

- A. Schema
- B. Database
- C. Table
- D. Account

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 141**

Which item in the Data Warehouse migration process does not apply in Snowflake>

- A. Migrate Indexes
- B. Build the Data pipeline
- C. Migrate Schemas
- D. Migrate Users

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 142**

True or False: Some queries can be answered through the metadata cache and do not require an active Virtual Warehouse.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

Explanation

Some aggregate queries are answered thru micro partitions metadata only not requiring any VW spin ups.

#### **NEW QUESTION: 143**

Why does Snowflake recommend file sizes of 100-250 MB compressed when loading data?

- A. Optimizes the virtual warehouse size and multi-cluster setting to economy mode
- B. Allows optimization of parallel operations
- C. Increases the latency staging and accuracy when loading the data
- D. Allows a user to import the files in a sequential order

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 144**

What features does Snowflake Time Travel enable?

- A. Querying data-related objects that were created within the past 365 days
- B. Restoring data-related objects that have been deleted within the past 90 days
- C. Conducting point-in-time analysis for BI reporting
- D. Analyzing data usage/manipulation over all periods of time

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

Explanation

Snowflake Time Travel enables accessing historical data (i.e. data that has been changed or deleted) at any point within a defined period. It serves as a powerful tool for performing the following tasks:

- \* Restoring data-related objects (tables, schemas, and databases) that might have been accidentally or intentionally deleted.
- \* Duplicating and backing up data from key points in the past.
- \* Analyzing data usage/manipulation over specified periods of time.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-time-travel.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 145**

What is the minimum Snowflake edition that customers planning on storing protected information in Snowflake should consider for regulatory compliance?

- A. Standard
- B. Premier
- C. Enterprise
- D. Business Critical Edition

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-editions.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 146**

When cloning a database containing stored procedures and regular views, that have fully qualified table references, which of the following will occur?

- A. An error will occur, as stored objects cannot be cloned.
- B. An error will occur, as views with qualified references cannot be cloned.
- C. The stored procedures and views will refer to tables in the source database.
- D. The cloned views and the stored procedures will reference the cloned tables in the cloned database.

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 147**

True or False: You can resize a Virtual Warehouse while queries are running.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 148**

True or False: Query ID's are unique across all Snowflake deployments and can be used in communication with Snowflake Support to help troubleshoot issues.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 149**

True or False: Bulk unloading of data from Snowflake supports the use of a SELECT statement.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 150**

Select the different types of Internal Stages: (Choose three.)

- A. Named Stage
- B. User Stage
- C. Table Stage
- D. Schema Stage

**Answer: A,B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference:

Named-Stage

**NEW QUESTION: 151**

What are value types that a VARIANT column can store? (Select TWO)

- A. STRUCT
- B. OBJECT
- C. BINARY
- D. ARRAY
- E. CLOB

**Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Characteristics of a VARIANT

A VARIANT can store a value of any other type, including OBJECT and ARRAY. The maximum length of a VARIANT is 16 MB.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-semistructured.html#:~:text=VARIANT-,Characteristics%20of%20a%20VARIANT,a%20VARIANT%20is%2016%20MB.>

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**NEW QUESTION: 152**

Snowflake is designed for which type of workloads? (Choose two.)

- A. OLAP (Analytics) workloads
- B. OLTP (Transactional) workloads
- C. Concurrent workloads
- D. On-premise workloads

**Answer: A,B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference: <https://blog.couchbase.com/its-the-workload-stupid/>

**NEW QUESTION: 153**

Which of the following indicates that it may be appropriate to use a clustering key for a table? (Select TWO).

- A. Queries on the table are running slower than expected
- B. The table has a small number of micro-partitions
- C. DML statements that are being issued against the table are blocked
- D. The table contains a column that has very low cardinality
- E. The clustering depth for the table is large

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 154**

Select the different types of Internal Stages: (Choose three.)

- A. Named Stage
- B. Schema Stage
- C. Table Stage
- D. User Stage

**Answer: A,C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 155**

When should a multi-cluster warehouse be used in auto-scaling mode?

- A. When it is unknown how much compute power is needed
- B. If the select statement contains a large number of temporary tables or Common Table Expressions (CTEs)
- C. If the runtime of the executed query is very slow
- D. When a large number of concurrent queries are run on the same warehouse

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 156**

The Information Schema and Account Usage Share provide storage information for which of the following objects? (Choose three.)

- A. Databases
- B. Internal Stages
- C. Users
- D. Tables

**Answer: A,C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 157**

Which item in the Data Warehouse migration process does not apply in Snowflake?

- A. Build the Data Pipeline
- B. Migrate Users
- C. Migrate Indexes
- D. Migrate Schemas

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 158**

What tasks can be completed using the copy command? (Select TWO)

- A. Columns can be reordered
- B. Data can be loaded without the need to spin up a virtual warehouse
- C. Columns can be omitted
- D. Columns can be aggregated
- E. Columns can be joined with an existing table

**Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 159**

Which Snowflake technique can be used to improve the performance of a query?

- A. Clustering
- B. Indexing
- C. Fragmenting
- D. Using INDEX\_\_HINTS

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 160**

Which command can be used to load data into an internal stage?

- A. LOAD
- B. copy
- C. GET
- D. PUT

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://medium.com/@divyanshsaxenaofficial/snowflake-loading-unloading-of-data-part-1-internal-stages-7121c>

**NEW QUESTION: 161**

Which of the following objects can be cloned? (Choose four.)

- A. Tables
- B. Named File Formats
- C. Schemas

- D. Shares
- E. Databases
- F. Users

**Answer: A,B,C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Which Objects Can Be Cloned?

Data Containment Objects. Databases. Schemas. Tables. Streams.

Data Configuration and Transformation Objects. Stages. File Formats. Sequences. Tasks

### NEW QUESTION: 162

How would a user run a multi-cluster warehouse in maximized mode?

- A. Turn on the additional clusters manually after starting the warehouse.
- B. Configure the maximum clusters setting to "Maximum."
- C. Set the minimum Clusters and maximum Clusters settings to the same value.
- D. Set the minimum clusters and maximum clusters settings to different values.

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 163

What privileges are required to create a task?

- A. The global privilege create task is required to create a new task.
- B. Tasks are created at the Application level and can only be created by the Account Admin role.
- C. Many Snowflake DDLs are metadata operations only, and create task DDL can be executed without virtual warehouse requirement or task specific grants.
- D. The role must have access to the target schema and the create task privilege on the schema itself.

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

All tasks in a simple tree must have the same task owner (i.e. a single role must have the OWNERSHIP privilege on all of the tasks in the tree). All tasks in a simple tree must exist in the same schema.

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tasks-intro.html#creating-tasks>

### NEW QUESTION: 164

Snowflake recommends, as a minimize, that all users with the following roles(s) should be enrolled in Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA):

Select one:

- A. SECURITYADMIN ACCOUNTADMIN, SYSADMIN
- B. SECURITYADMIN, ACCOUNTADMIN, PUBLIC, SYSADMIN
- C. SECURITYADMIN, ACCOUNTADMIN
- D. ACCOUNTADMIN

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 165**

True or False: Micro-partition metadata enables some operations to be completed without requiring Compute.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 166**

True or False: The user has to specify which cluster a query will run on in a multi-cluster Warehouse.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-multicluster.html>

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**NEW QUESTION: 167**

True or False: The COPY command must specify a File Format in order to execute.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://interworks.com/blog/hcalder/2018/07/26/the-basics-of-loading-data-into-snowflake/>

**NEW QUESTION: 168**

Which of the following are characteristics of Snowflake virtual warehouses? (Choose two.)

- A. SnowSQL supports both a configuration file and a command line option for specifying a default warehouse.
- B. The ability to auto-suspend a warehouse is only available in the Enterprise edition or above.
- C. A user cannot specify a default warehouse when using the ODBC driver.

D. Auto-resume applies only to the last warehouse that was started in a multi-cluster warehouse.

E. The default virtual warehouse size can be changed at any time.

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 169**

True or False: Micro-partition metadata enables some operations to be completed without requiring Compute.

A. True

B. False

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

Reference: <https://blog.ippon.tech/innovative-snowflake-features-caching/>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 170**

Which of the following are benefits of micro-partitioning? (Select TWO)

A. Micro-partitions cannot overlap in their range of values

B. Micro-partitions are immutable objects that support the use of Time Travel.

C. Micro-partitions can reduce the amount of I/O from object storage to virtual warehouses

D. Rows are automatically stored in sorted order within micro-partitions

E. Micro-partitions can be defined on a schema-by-schema basis

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-micropartitions.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 171**

Which of the following is a valid source for an external stage when the Snowflake account is located on Microsoft Azure?

A. An FTP server with TLS encryption

B. A Windows server file share on Azure

C. An HTTPS server with WebDAV

D. A Google Cloud storage bucket

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 172**

When should you consider disabling auto-suspend for a Virtual Warehouse?

Choose 2 answers

A. When users will be using compute at different times throughout a 24/7 period

B. When managing a steady workload

C. When the compute must be available with no delay or lag time

D. When you don't want to have to manually turn on the Warehouse each time a user needs it

**Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-considerations.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 173**

When can a Virtual Warehouse start running queries?

- A. 12am-5am
- B. When its provisioning is complete
- C. Only during administrator defined time slots
- D. After replication

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 174**

Which of the following statements describes a benefit of Snowflake's separation of compute and storage?

(Choose all that apply.)

- A. Growth of storage and compute are tightly coupled together
- B. Storage expands without the requirement to add more compute
- C. Compute can be scaled up or down without the requirement to add more storage
- D. Multiple compute clusters can access stored data without contention

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://towardsdatascience.com/why-you-are-throwing-money-away-if-your-cloud-data-warehouse-doesnt-separate-storage-and-compute-65d2dfd450f>

**NEW QUESTION: 175**

A company strongly encourages all Snowflake users to self-enroll in Snowflake's default Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) service to provide increased login security for users connecting to Snowflake.

Which application will the Snowflake users need to install on their devices in order to connect with MFA?

- A. Okta Verify
- B. Duo Mobile
- C. Microsoft Authenticator
- D. Google Authenticator

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-mfa.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 176**

What is the minimum Snowflake edition that provides multi-cluster warehouses and up to 90 days of Time Travel?

- A. Standard
- B. Premier

- C. Enterprise
- D. Business Critical Edition

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 177**

What are advantages clones have over tables created with CREATE TABLE AS SELECT statement? (Choose two.)

- A. The clone will have time travel history from the original table.
- B. The clone is created almost instantly.
- C. The clone always stays in sync with the original table.
- D. The clone has better query performance.
- E. The clone saves space by not duplicating storage.

**Answer: B,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 178**

Which of the following objects is not covered by Time Travel?

- A. Tables
- B. Schemas
- C. Databases
- D. Stages

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-time-travel.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 179**

True or False: Once created, a micro-partition will never be changed.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 180**

As a best practice, clustering keys should only be defined on tables of which minimum size?

- A. Multi-Kilobyte (KB) Range
- B. Multi-Megabyte (MB) Range
- C. Multi-Gigabyte (GB) Range
- D. Multi-Terabyte (TB) Range

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 181**

What are the default Time Travel and Fail-safe retention periods for transient tables?

- A. Time Travel - 1 day. Fail-safe - 1 day
- B. Time Travel - 0 days. Fail-safe - 1 day
- C. Time Travel - 1 day. Fail-safe - 0 days
- D. Transient tables are retained in neither Fail-safe nor Time Travel

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-cdp-storage-costs.html#:~:text=Temporary%20and%20Transient%20Tables,-To%20help%20manage&text=Temporary%20tables%20can%20also%20have,have%20no%20Fail%2Dsafe%20period.>

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 182**

A developer is granted ownership of a table that has a masking policy. The developer's role is not able to see the masked data. Will the developer be able to modify the table to read the masked data?

- A. Yes, because a table owner has full control and can unset masking policies.
- B. No, because masking policies must always reference specific access roles.
- C. Yes, because masking policies only apply to cloned tables.
- D. No, because ownership of a table does not include the ability to change masking policies

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 183**

A company needs to allow some users to see Personally Identifiable Information (PII) while limiting other users from seeing the full value of the PII.

Which Snowflake feature will support this?

- A. Data encryption
- B. Data masking policies
- C. Row access policies
- D. Role based access control

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 184**

For a multi-cluster Warehouse, the number of credits billed is calculated on:

Select one.

- A. The number of queries that ran using the Warehouse.
- B. The size of the Warehouse and the maximum number of clusters configured for the Warehouse.
- C. The size of the Warehouse and the number of clusters that ran within a given time period.
- D. The number of users who accessed the Warehouse.

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 185**

Which of the following statement is true of Snowflake?

Select one.

- A. It was built for Hadoop architecture
- B. It was designed as a hybrid database to allow customers to store data either on premises or in the cloud
- C. it was built as an on-premises solution and then ported to the cloud
- D. It was built specifically for the cloud
- E. It's based on an Oracle Architecture

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 186**

What is true about sharing data in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. A Snowflake account can both provide and consume shared data.
- B. The Data Consumer pays only for compute resources to query the shared data.
- C. The Provider is charged for compute resources used by the Data Consumer to query the shared data.
- D. The shared data is copied into the Data Consumer account, so the Consumer can modify it without impacting the base data of the Provider.
- E. The Data Consumer pays for data storage as well as for data computing.

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 187**

What type of query benefits the MOST from search optimization?

- A. A query that uses only disjunction (i.e., OR) predicates
- B. A query that includes analytical expressions
- C. A query that uses equality predicates or predicates that use IN
- D. A query that filters on semi-structured data types

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Search-Optimization-When-How-To-Use>

**NEW QUESTION: 188**

What can be used to view warehouse usage over time? (Select Two).

- A. The billing and usage tab in the Snowflake web UI
- B. The Query history view
- C. The WAREHOUSE\_METERING\_\_HISTORY View
- D. The load HISTORY view
- E. The show warehouses command

**Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 189**

Which of the following terms best describes Snowflake's database architecture?

- A. Columnar shared nothing
- B. Shared disk
- C. Multi-cluster, shared data
- D. Cloud-native shared memory

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

<https://www.snowflake.com/product/architecture/>

Built from the ground up for the cloud, Snowflake's unique multi-cluster shared data architecture delivers the performance, scale, elasticity, and concurrency today's organizations require.

**NEW QUESTION: 190**

Which statement best describes "clustering"?

- A. Clustering represents the way data is grouped together and stored within Snowflake's micro-partitions
- B. The database administrator must define the clustering methodology for each Snowflake table
- C. The clustering key must be included on the COPY command when loading data into Snowflake
- D. Clustering can be disabled within a Snowflake account

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-micropartitions.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 191**

Which of the following are true of multi-cluster Warehouses? Select all that apply below.

- A. A multi-cluster Warehouse can add clusters automatically based on query activity
- B. A multi-cluster Warehouse can automatically turn itself off after a period of inactivity
- C. A multi-cluster Warehouse can automatically turn itself on when a query is executed against it
- D. A multi-cluster Warehouse can scale down when query activity slows

**Answer: A,B,C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 192**

A Snowflake Administrator needs to ensure that sensitive corporate data in Snowflake tables is not visible to end users, but is partially visible to functional managers.

How can this requirement be met?

- A. Use data encryption.
- B. Revoke all roles for functional managers and end users.
- C. Use dynamic data masking.
- D. Use secure materialized views.

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 193**

A company strongly encourages all Snowflake users to self-enroll in Snowflake's default Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) service to provide increased login security for users connecting to Snowflake.

Which application will the Snowflake users need to install on their devices in order to connect with MFA?

- A. Okta Verify
- B. Duo Mobile
- C. Microsoft Authenticator
- D. Google Authenticator

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-mfa.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 194**

Snowflake is designed for which type of workloads? (Choose two.)

- A. OLAP (Analytics) workloads
- B. Concurrent workloads
- C. On-premise workloads
- D. OLTP (Transactional) workloads

**Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 195**

A user has unloaded data from Snowflake to a stage

Which SQL command should be used to validate which data was loaded into the stage?

- A. list @file\_\_stage
- B. verify @file\_\_stage
- C. show @file\_\_stage
- D. view @file\_\_stage

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

### NEW QUESTION: 196

When a Pipe is recreated using the CREATE OR REPLACE PIPE command:

- A. The Pipe load history is reset to empty
- B. The REFRESH parameter is set to TRUE
- C. Previously loaded files will be ignored
- D. All of the above

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-manage.html#load-history>

"When a pipe is recreated, the load history is dropped."

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### NEW QUESTION: 197

A user has 10 files in a stage containing new customer data. The ingest operation completes with no errors, using the following command:

```
COPY INTO my__table FROM @my__stage;
```

The next day the user adds 10 files to the stage so that now the stage contains a mixture of new customer data and updates to the previous data. The user did not remove the 10 original files.

If the user runs the same copy into command what will happen?

- A. Only data about new customers from the new files will be appended to the table
- B. All data from all of the files on the stage will be appended to the table
- C. The operation will fail with the error uncertain files in stage.
- D. All data from only the newly-added files will be appended to the table.

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

### NEW QUESTION: 198

Which of the following describes the Snowflake Cloud Services layer?

- A. Executes queries submitted by the Snowflake account users
- B. Manages the virtual warehouse cache to speed up queries
- C. Manages quotas on the Snowflake account storage
- D. Coordinates activities in the Snowflake account

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 199**

Which of the following are handled by the cloud services layer of the Snowflake architecture? (Choose two.)

- A. Security
- B. Time Travel data
- C. Data loading
- D. Authentication and access control
- E. Query execution

**Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 200**

Which of the following statements describes a benefit of Snowflake's separation of compute and storage?

(Choose all that apply.)

- A. Storage expands without the requirement to add more compute
- B. Growth of storage and compute are tightly coupled together
- C. Multiple compute clusters can access stored data without contention
- D. Compute can be scaled up or down without the requirement to add more storage

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 201**

What are two ways to create and manage Data Shares in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. Via SQL commands
- B. Via the data\_share=true parameter
- C. Via the Snowflake Web Interface (UI)
- D. Via Virtual Warehouses

**Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 202**

True or False: Snowflake's Global Services Layer gathers and maintains statistics on all columns in all micro-partitions.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 203**

Which formats does Snowflake store unstructured data in? (Choose two.)

- A. BLOB
- B. Object

- C. Array
- D. GeoJSON
- E. XML

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 204**

Which statement MOST accurately describes clustering in Snowflake?

- A. Clustering can be disabled within a Snowflake account.
- B. The clustering key must be included in the COPY command when loading data into Snowflake.
- C. Clustering is the way data is grouped together and stored within Snowflake micro-partitions.
- D. The database ACCOUNTADMIN must define the clustering methodology for each Snowflake table.

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 205**

Which account\_\_usage views are used to evaluate the details of dynamic data masking?  
(Select TWO)

- A. ROLES
- B. POLICY\_REFERENCES
- C. QUERY\_HISTORY
- D. RESOURCE\_MONITORS
- E. ACCESS\_HISTORY

**Answer: B,E** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-column-ddm-intro.html#:~:text=DESCRIBE%20MASKING%20POLICY-,Auditing%20Dynamic%20Data%20Masking,a%20masking%20policy%20is%20set.>

**NEW QUESTION: 206**

Which of the following statements are true of Snowflake releases: (Choose two.)

- A. They happen approximately weekly
- B. They roll up and release approximately monthly, but customers can request early release application
- C. During a release, new customer requests/queries/connections transparently move over to the newer version
- D. A customer is assigned a 30 minute window (that can be moved anytime within a week) during which the system will be unavailable and customer is upgraded

**Answer: A,C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-releases.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 207**

Which of the following roles is recommended to be used to create and manage users and roles?

- A. SYSADMIN
- B. ACCOUNTADMIN
- C. SECURITYADMIN
- D. PUBLIC

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 208**

Which of the following roles is recommended to be used to create and manage users and roles?

- A. SYSADMIN
- B. SECURITYADMIN
- C. PUBLIC
- D. ACCOUNTADMIN

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-overview.html>

"Security admin: Role that can manage any object grant globally, as well as create, monitor, and manage users and roles"

**NEW QUESTION: 209**

A Virtual Warehouse's auto-suspend and auto-resume settings apply to:

- A. The primary duster in the virtual warehouse
- B. The entire Virtual Warehouse
- C. The database the Virtual Warehouse resides in
- D. The queries currently being run by the Virtual Warehouse

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 210**

What feature can be used to reorganize a very large table on one or more columns?

- A. Micro-partitions
- B. Clustering keys
- C. Key partitions
- D. Clustered partitions

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 211**

True or False: When active, a pipe requires a dedicated Virtual Warehouse to execute.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 212**

Which command is used to unload data from a Snowflake table into a file in a stage?

- A. COPY INTO
- B. GET
- C. WRITE
- D. EXTRACT INTO

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-snowflake.html#:~:text=Your%20User%20Stage-,Use%20the%20COPY%20INTO%20command%20to%20unload%20all%20the,more%20files%20in%20your%20stage.>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 213**

What are the responsibilities of Snowflake's Cloud Service layer? (Choose three.)

- A. Query execution
- B. Resource management
- C. Physical storage of micro-partitions
- D. Authentication
- E. Virtual warehouse caching
- F. Query parsing and optimization

**Answer: A,D,F (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 214**

The Snowflake cloud services layer is responsible for which tasks? (Choose two.)

- A. Query processing
- B. Authentication and access control
- C. Metadata management
- D. Local disk caching
- E. Database storage

**Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 215**

A materialized view should be created when which of the following occurs? (Choose two.)

- A. The query is highly optimized and does not consume many compute resources.
- B. The results of the query do not change often and are used frequently.
- C. The query consumes many compute resources every time it runs.
- D. There is minimal cost associated with running the query.
- E. The base table gets updated frequently.

**Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 216**

Fail-safe is unavailable on which table types?

- A. Transient
- B. Permanent
- C. Provisional
- D. Temporary

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 217**

Which statements are true of micro-partitions?

Choose 2 answers

- A. They are approximately 16MB in size
- B. They are stored compressed only if COMPRESS=TRUE on Table
- C. They are Immutable
- D. They are only encrypted in the Enterprise edition and above

**Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference: <https://medium.com/weareservian/seeing-snow-for-the-first-time-snowflake-adventures-part-1-731ddc983c69>

**NEW QUESTION: 218**

When scaling up Virtual Warehouse by increasing Virtual Warehouse t-shirt size, you are primarily scaling for improved:

Select one.

- A. Concurrency
- B. Performance

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference:

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-considerations.html#warehouse-resizing-improves-performance>

**NEW QUESTION: 219**

In a Snowflake role hierarchy, what is the top-level role?

- A. ACCOUNTADMIN
- B. SYSADMIN
- C. ORGADMIN
- D. SECURITYADMIN

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 220**

How would you execute a series of SQL statements using Task?

- A. Create a task for each SQL statement (e.g. resulting in task1. task2, etc) and string the series of SQL statements by having a control task calling task 1, task 2 sequentially.
- B. include the SQL statements in the body of the task create task mytask.. as insert into target1 select., from stream\_s1 where ..  
INSERT INTO target2 SELECT .. FROM stream .s1 where ..
- C. A stored procedure can have only one DML statement per stored procedure invocation and therefore you should sequence stored procedures calls in the task definition CREATE TASK mytask.... AS call stored\_prc1(); call stored\_proc2t);
- D. A stored procedure executing multiple SQL statements and invoke the stored procedure from the task.

```
CREATE TASK mytask.... AS call  
stored_proc_multiple_statements_inside();
```

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 221**

Which services does the Snowflake Cloud Services layer manage? (Select TWO).

- A. Compute resources
- B. Query execution
- C. Authentication
- D. Data storage
- E. Metadata

**Answer: C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-key-concepts.html>

The cloud services layer is a collection of services that coordinate activities across Snowflake. These services tie together all of the different components of Snowflake in order to process user requests, from login to query dispatch. The cloud services layer also runs on compute instances provisioned by Snowflake from the cloud provider.

Services managed in this layer include:

\* Authentication

- \* Infrastructure management
- \* Metadata management
- \* Query parsing and optimization
- \* Access control

**NEW QUESTION: 222**

Which of the following statements are true about Schemas in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. A Database may contain one or more Schemas
- B. A Schema may contain one or more Databases
- C. Each Schema is contained within a Warehouse
- D. A Schema is a logical grouping of Database Objects

**Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 223**

True or false: it is best practice to define a clustering key on every table.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://dwgeek.com/how-to-create-snowflake-clustered-tables-examples.html/>

**NEW QUESTION: 224**

Which is true of Snowflake network policies? A Snowflake network policy: (Choose two.)

- A. Is available to all Snowflake Editions
- B. Restricts or enables access to specific IP addresses
- C. Is activated using an "ALTER DATABASE" command
- D. Is only available to customers with Business Critical Edition

**Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 225**

For non-materialized views, what column in Information Schema and Account Usage identifies whether a view is secure or not?

- A. CHECK\_OPTION
- B. TABLE\_NAME
- C. IS\_UPDATEABLE
- D. IS\_SECURE

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 226**

Which of the following is a data tokenization integration partner?

- A. Protegrity
- B. SAP

- C. Tableau
- D. DBeaver

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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**NEW QUESTION: 227**

What is the default File Format used in the COPY command if one is not specified?

- A. CSV
- B. JSON
- C. XML
- D. Parquet

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 228**

True or False: You can define multiple columns within a clustering key on a table.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 229**

Which statements are true of micro-partitions?

Choose 2 answers

- A. They are Immutable
- B. They are approximately 16MB in size
- C. They are only encrypted in the Enterprise edition and above
- D. They are stored compressed only if COMPRESS=TRUE on Table

**Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 230**

What is the minimum Snowflake edition required to create a materialized view?

- A. Standard Edition
- B. Enterprise Edition
- C. Business Critical Edition

D. Virtual Private Snowflake Edition

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

Materialized views require Enterprise Edition. To inquire about upgrading, please contact Snowflake Support

[https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-materialized-view.html#:~:text=Materialized%20views%](https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-materialized-view.html#:~:text=Materialized%20views%20)

**NEW QUESTION: 231**

Which of the following are options when creating a Virtual Warehouse?

A. Auto-resume

B. User count

C. Local SSD size

D. Auto-suspend

**Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 232**

Which copy INTO command outputs the data into one file?

A. SINGLE=TRUE

B. FILE\_NUMBER=1

C. MAX\_FILE\_NUMBER=1

D. MULTIPLE=FAISE

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 233**

Which Snowflake tool would be BEST to troubleshoot network connectivity?

A. SnowCLI

B. SnowUI

C. SnowSQL

D. SnowCD

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

[https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/snowcd.html#:~:text=SnowCD%20\(i.e.%20Snowflake%20Connectivi](https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/snowcd.html#:~:text=SnowCD%20(i.e.%20Snowflake%20Connectivi)

**NEW QUESTION: 234**

Credit charges for Snowflake virtual warehouses are calculated based on which of the following considerations? (Choose two.)

A. The size of the virtual warehouse

B. The number of queries executed

C. The duration of the queries that are executed

- D. The length of time the warehouse is running
- E. The number of active users assigned to the warehouse

**Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 235**

True or False: Snowpipe via REST API can only reference External Stages as source.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Making-Transient-table-by-Default>

**NEW QUESTION: 236**

A running virtual warehouse is suspended.

What is the MINIMUM amount of time that the warehouse will incur charges for when it is restarted?

- A. 60 minutes
- B. 1 second
- C. 5 minutes
- D. 60 seconds

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 237**

Fail-safe is unavailable on which table types?

- A. Transient
- B. Permanent
- C. Temporary
- D. Provisional

**Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 238**

When cloning a database, what is cloned with the database? (Choose two.)

- A. Privileges on the schemas within the database
- B. Only schemas and tables within the database
- C. Future child objects within the database
- D. Existing child objects within the database
- E. Privileges on the database

**Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 239**

Select the different types of Internal Stages: (Choose three.)

- A. Named Stage
- B. User Stage
- C. Table Stage
- D. Schema Stage

**Answer: A,B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://dwgeek.com/type-of-snowflake-stages-how-to-create-and-use.html/#Snowflake-Internal-Named-Stage>

#### NEW QUESTION: 240

The PUT command: (Choose two.)

- A. Automatically creates a File Format object
- B. Automatically uses the last Stage created
- C. Automatically compresses files using Gzip
- D. Automatically encrypts files

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/put.html>

#### NEW QUESTION: 241

Assume there is a table consisting of five micro-partitions with values ranging from A to Z. Which diagram indicates a well-clustered table?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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#### NEW QUESTION: 242

What is an advantage of using an explain plan instead of the query profiler to evaluate the performance of a query?

- A. An explain plan will handle queries with temporary tables and the query profiler will not.
- B. An explain plan can be used to conduct performance analysis without executing a query.

- C. An explain plan's output will display automatic data skew optimization information.
- D. The explain plan output is available graphically.

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 243**

True or False: You can define multiple columns within a clustering key on a table.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 244**

True or False: Users are able to see the result sets of queries executed by other users that share their same role.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-considerations.html>

**NEW QUESTION: 245**

What do the terms scale up and scale out refer to in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. Scaling out adds clusters of the same size to a virtual warehouse to handle more concurrent queries.
- B. Scaling up adds additional database servers to an existing running cluster to handle larger workloads.
- C. Scaling out adds additional database servers to an existing running cluster to handle more concurrent queries.
- D. Snowflake recommends using both scaling up and scaling out to handle more concurrent queries.
- E. Scaling out adds clusters of varying sizes to a virtual warehouse.
- F. Scaling up resizes a virtual warehouse so it can handle more complex workloads.

**Answer: A,F (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 246**

In an auto-scaling multi-cluster virtual warehouse with the setting SCALING\_POLICY = ECONOMY enabled, when is another cluster started?

- A. When the system has enough load for 6 minutes
- B. When the system has enough load for 2 minutes
- C. When the system has enough load for 8 minutes
- D. When the system has enough load for 10 minutes

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 247**

Which of the following are valid Snowflake Virtual Warehouse Scaling Policies? (Choose two.)

- A. Custom
- B. Standard
- C. Economy
- D. Optimized

**Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 248**

Which of the following commands sets the Virtual Warehouse for a session?

- A. USE WAREHOUSE <<warehouse name>>;
- B. USE VIRTUAL\_WAREHOUSE <<warehouse name>>;
- C. COPT WAREHOUSE FROM <<Config file> ;
- D. SET warehouse = <<warehouse name>>;

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 249**

True or False: Snowflake charges additional fees to Data Providers for each Share they create.

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference: <https://1amiydhcmj36tz3733v94f15-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/Enabling-new-products-and-services-with-Snowflake-Data-Sharing.pdf>

**NEW QUESTION: 250**

True or False: Bulk unloading of data from Snowflake supports the use of a SELECT statement.

- A. False
- B. True

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 251**

Which of the following are valid Snowflake Virtual Warehouse Scaling Policies? (Choose two.)

- A. Custom
- B. Economy

C. Optimized

D. Standard

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Reference: <https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Snowflake-Visualizing-Warehouse-Performance>

**NEW QUESTION: 252**

Which parameter can be used to instruct a COPY command to verify data files instead of loading them into a specified table?

A. STRIP\_NULL\_VALUES

B. SKIP\_BYTE\_ORDER\_MARK

C. REPLACE\_INVALID\_CHARACTERS

D. VALIDATION\_MODE

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/copy-into-table.html>

VALIDATION\_MODE = RETURN\_n\_ROWS | RETURN\_ERRORS |  
RETURN\_ALL\_ERRORS

String (constant) that instructs the COPY command to validate the data files instead of loading them into the specified table; i.e. the COPY command tests the files for errors but does not load them. The command validates the data to be loaded and returns results based on the validation option specified:

**NEW QUESTION: 253**

What happens to the underlying table data when a CLUSTER BY clause is added to a Snowflake table?

A. Smaller micro-partitions are created for common data values to allow for more parallelism

B. Data may be colocated by the cluster key within the micro-partitions to improve pruning performance

C. Data is hashed by the cluster key to facilitate fast searches for common data values

D. Larger micro-partitions are created for common data values to reduce the number of partitions that must be scanned

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 254**

What parameter controls if the Virtual warehouse starts immediately after the CREATE WAREHOUSE statement?

Select one.

A. INITIALLY\_SUSPENDED = TRUE/FALSE

B. START\_AFTCR\_CREATE = TRUE/FALSE

- C. START.TIME = CURRENT.DATE()
- D. START\_TTIME = 60 // (seconds from now)

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 255**

Which of the following roles is recommended to be used to create and manage users and roles?

- A. SYSADMIN
- B. SECURITYADMIN
- C. PUBLIC
- D. ACCOUNTADMIN

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-considerations.html>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 256**

Which is the MINIMUM required Snowflake edition that a user must have if they want to use AWS/Azure Privatelink or Google Cloud Private Service Connect?

- A. Standard
- B. Premium
- C. Enterprise
- D. Business Critical

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/privatelink-azure.html>

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 257**

When should you consider disabling auto-suspend for a Virtual Warehouse?

Choose 2 answers

- A. When users will be using compute at different times throughout a 24/7 period
- B. When managing a steady workload
- C. When the compute must be available with no delay or lag time

D. When you don't want to have to manually turn on the Warehouse each time a user needs it

**Answer: B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

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