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NEW QUESTION: 1

If a class is annotated with `@Component`, what should be done to have Spring automatically detect the annotated class and load it as a bean? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Ensure a valid `@ComponentScan` annotation in the Java configuration is specified.
- B. Ensure a valid `@Bean` for the class is specified.
- C. Ensure a valid bean name in the `@Component` annotation is specified.
- D. Ensure a valid `@Scope` for the class is specified.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 2

Which two statements are true regarding the `RestTemplate` class? (Choose two.)

- A. It automatically supports sending and receiving Java objects.
- B. Sending an HTTP request with a custom header is not possible when using `RestTemplate`.
- C. It supports asynchronous non-blocking model.
- D. It provides convenience methods for writing REST clients.
- E. It provides convenience methods for writing REST services.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 3

Which three types can be used as `@Controller` method arguments? (Choose three.)

- A. Language
- B. Session
- C. `HttpSession`
- D. Principal
- E. Request
- F. Locale

Answer: C,E,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 4

Which strategy is correct for configuring Spring Security to intercept particular URLs? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Spring Security can obtain URLs from Spring MVC controllers, the Spring Security configuration just needs a reference to the controller to be protected.
- B. The URLs can be specified via configuration (using `authorizeRequests()` and request matchers), with the most specific rule first and the least specific last.
- C. The URLs can be specified via configuration (using `authorizeRequests()` and request matchers), with the least specific rule first and the most specific last.
- D. The URLs are specified in a special properties file, used by Spring Security.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 5

Given an `ApplicationContext` containing three bean definitions of type `Foo` with bean ids `foo1`, `foo2`, and `foo3`, which three `@Autowired` scenarios are valid and will allow the `ApplicationContext` to initialize successfully? (Choose three.)

- A. `@Autowired @Qualifier("foo3") Foo foo;`
- B. `@Autowired private Foo foo2;`
- C. `@Autowired public void setFoo (Foo foo) {...}`
- D. `@Autowired public void setFoo (@Qualifier("foo1") Foo foo) {...}`
- E. `@Autowired private Foo foo;`
- F. `@Autowired public void setFoo(Foo foo2) {...}`

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 6

What is a Spring Boot starter dependency? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. A setting for specifying which code you want Spring Boot to generate for you.
- B. A specific POM which you must build to control Spring Boot's opinionated runtime.
- C. A pre-existing model project you can download and use as the basis of your project.
- D. An easy way to include multiple, coordinated dependencies related to a specific technology, like web or JDBC.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

A Spring Boot starter dependency is a special type of dependency that provides a convenient way to add multiple, coordinated dependencies related to a specific technology or feature, such as web, JDBC, security, etc. A starter dependency usually has a name that starts with `spring-boot-starter-` followed by the name of the technology or feature. For example, `spring-boot-starter-web` is a starter dependency that includes all the dependencies needed for creating web applications with Spring MVC and RESTful services.

NEW QUESTION: 7

Which two statements about pointcut expressions are true? (Choose two.)

- A. A pointcut expression cannot specify the type of parameters.
- B. A pointcut expression will throw an exception if no methods are matched.
- C. A pointcut expression cannot have a wildcard for a method name.
- D. A pointcut expression can include operators such as the following: && (and), || (or), ! (not).
- E. A pointcut expression can be used to select join points which have been annotated with a specific annotation.

Answer: D,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

<https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/reference/core/aop/aspectj/pointcuts.html>

NEW QUESTION: 8

Which following statements are true about Spring Data? (Choose two.)

- A. Spring Data works by applying the JPA annotations to data stores such as MongoDB, Neo4j, and Redis.
- B. Spring Data implementations exist for many data storage types, such as MongoDB, Neo4j, and Redis.
- C. Spring Data can greatly reduce the amount of "boilerplate" code typically needed for data access.
- D. Spring Data cannot be used together with Spring MVC.
- E. Spring Data is specifically designed for JPA, JDBC, and relational database access only.

Answer: C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 9

Refer to the exhibit.

```
@PostMapping("/accounts/{id}")  
public void update() {}
```

Which option is a valid way to retrieve the account id? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Add `@RequestParam long accountId` argument to the `update()` handler method.
- B. Add `@RequestParam("id") String accountId` argument to the `update()` handler method.
- C. Add `@PathVariable("id") String accountId` argument to the `update()` handler method.
- D. Add `@PathVariable long accountId` argument to the `update()` handler method.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 10

What's the password storage format when using the `DelegatingPasswordEncoder`?

- A. `encodedPassword{id}`, where `{id}` is an identifier used to look up which `PasswordEncoder` should be used.
- B. `{id}encodedPassword`, where `{id}` is an identifier used to look up which `PasswordEncoder` should be used.
- C. `{timestamp}encodedPassword`, where `{timestamp}` is the time when the password was encoded.
- D. `{id}{salt}encodedPassword`, where `{id}` is an identifier used to look up which `PasswordEncoder` should be used and `{salt}` a randomly generated salt.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

<https://docs.spring.io/spring-security/site/docs/current/api/org/springframework/security/crypto/password/DelegatingPasswordEncoder.html>

NEW QUESTION: 11

Which two statements are true regarding bean creation? (Choose two.)

- A. A Spring bean can be explicitly created by annotating methods or fields by `@Autowired`.
- B. A Spring bean can be implicitly created by annotating the class with `@Component` and using the component-scanner to scan its package.
- C. A Spring bean can be implicitly created by annotating the class with `@Bean` and using the component-scanner to scan its package.
- D. A Spring bean can be explicitly created using `@Bean` annotated methods within a Spring configuration class.
- E. A Spring bean can be explicitly created by annotating the class with `@Autowired`.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Reference:

<https://howtodoinjava.com/spring-core/spring-beans-autowiring-concepts/>

NEW QUESTION: 12

What two options are auto-configured Spring Boot Actuator HealthIndicators? (Choose two.)

- A. DataSourceHealthIndicator
- B. DynamoDBHealthIndicator
- C. RabbitHealthIndicator
- D. GoogleCloudDataStoreHealthIndicator
- E. OktaHealthIndicator

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 13

Refer to the exhibit.

```
@Bean
@ConditionalOnBean (name= "dataSource")
public JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate (DataSource dataSource) {
    return new JdbcTemplate (dataSource);
}
```

The above code shows a conditional `@Bean` method for the creation of a `JdbcTemplate` bean. Which two statements correctly describe the code behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. `@ConditionalOnBean(name= "dataSource")` should be replaced with `@ConditionalOnBean(DataSource.class)` for greater flexibility.
- B. A `JdbcTemplate` bean will be created when the `DataSource` class is in the classpath but there is no `DataSource` bean.
- C. `@ConditionalOnBean(name= "dataSource")` should be replaced with `@ConditionalOnMissingBean(DataSource.class)` for greater flexibility.
- D. The `@Bean` annotation should be removed.
- E. A `JdbcTemplate` bean will be created when a bean named `dataSource` has already been created.

Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 14

Which two statements are true concerning constructor injection? (Choose two.)

- A. Field injection is preferred over constructor injection from a unit testing standpoint.
- B. Constructor injection only allows one value to be injected.
- C. Constructor injection is preferred over field injection to support unit testing.
- D. If there is only one constructor the `@Autowired` annotation is not required.
- E. Construction injection can be used with multiple constructors without `@Autowired` annotation.

Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 15

Which two statements are true regarding `@DataJpaTest`? (Choose two.)

- A. It can be used for testing `JdbcTemplate`.
- B. It can be used for testing both JPA components and NoSQL components.
- C. It auto-configures a `TestEntityManager` bean.
- D. `TestEntityManager` provides all methods that are provided by `EntityManager` and more.
- E. If an embedded database is on the classpath, it will be used to configure a `DataSource` by default.

Answer: C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 16

Refer to the exhibit.

```
public interface CustomerRepository extends CrudRepository<Customer, Long>{  
}
```

Which statement is true? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. `CustomerRepository` should be a class, not an interface.
- B. JPA annotations are required on the `Customer` class to successfully use Spring Data JDBC.
- C. A class that implements `CustomerRepository` must be implemented and declared as a Spring Bean.
- D. An implementation of this repository can be automatically generated by Spring Data JPA.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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NEW QUESTION: 17

Which two statements are true regarding Spring and Spring Boot Testing? (Choose two.)

- A. `EasyMock` is supported out of the box.
- B. `@SpringBootTest` or `@SpringJUnitConfig` can be used for creating an `ApplicationContext`.

- C. Mockito spy is not supported in Spring Boot testing by default.
- D. The spring-test dependency provides annotations such as @Mock and @MockBean.
- E. Integration and slice testing are both supported.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Spring and Spring Boot provide various annotations and utilities to support testing of different layers of the application. To create an ApplicationContext for integration tests, we can use either @SpringBootTest or @SpringJUnitConfig annotations. The former is a specialized annotation that also provides additional features such as auto-configuration, web environment emulation, and test properties management. The latter is a general-purpose annotation that combines @ContextConfiguration and @ExtendWith(SpringExtension.class) annotations.

To perform slice testing, which focuses on testing a specific layer or feature of the application in isolation, we can use annotations such as @WebMvcTest, @DataJpaTest, @RestClientTest, etc. These annotations will only load the relevant beans for the tested slice and mock or stub the other dependencies.

NEW QUESTION: 18

Which two statements are correct regarding the Actuator info endpoint? (Choose two.)

- A. It provides configuration options through which only an authenticated user can display application information.
- B. It can be used to display arbitrary application information.
- C. It can be used to change a property value on a running application.
- D. It is not enabled by default.
- E. Typically it is used to display build or source control information.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 19

Which two statements are correct regarding the @EnableAutoConfiguration annotation? (Choose two.)

- A. It is a meta-annotation on the @SpringBootApplication composed annotation.
- B. It enables auto-configuration of the ApplicationContext by attempting to guess necessary beans.
- C. It is meta-annotation on the @SpringBootConfiguration composed annotation.
- D. It has the same effect regardless of the package of the class that is annotated with it.
- E. It ensures auto-configuration is applied before user-defined beans have been registered.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Enable auto-configuration of the Spring Application Context, attempting to guess and configure beans that you are likely to need <https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/current/api/org/springframework/boot/autoconfigure/EnableAutoConfiguration.html>

NEW QUESTION: 20

Spring puts each bean instance in a scope. What is the default scope? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. session
- B. prototype
- C. request

D. singleton

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 21

Which statement describes the `@AfterReturning` advice type? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Typically used to prevent any exception, thrown by the advised method, from propagating up the call-stack.
- B. The `@AfterReturning` advice allows behavior to be added after a method returns even if it throws an exception.
- C. The advice has complete control over the method invocation; it could even prevent the method from being called at all.
- D. The advice is invoked only if the method returns successfully but not if it throws an exception.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 22

Which two statements are correct regarding the Actuator loggers endpoint? (Choose two.)

- A. An application restart is required to change the logging level of the package.
- B. To get a logging level of a package called `account.web`, you can access the `/actuator/loggers/account.web` endpoint.
- C. In order to use the loggers endpoint, a logger implementation dependency needs to be added.
- D. The logging levels of a package that can be accessed via the loggers endpoint include `configuredLevel` and `effectiveLevel`.

Answer: B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 23

Which dependency enables an automatic restart of the application as code is changed during development of a Spring boot configuration on a web application? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. `spring-boot-devtools`
- B. `spring-boot-restart`
- C. `spring-boot-starter-devtools`
- D. `spring-boot-initializr`

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 24

Which two statements describe the `ApplicationContext` correctly? (Choose two.)

- A. The `ApplicationContext` lazy initializes beans by default.
- B. The `ApplicationContext` is the root interface for accessing the Spring container.
- C. The `ApplicationContext` maintains singleton beans that are instantiated by the Spring runtime.
- D. The `ApplicationContext` does not include all functionality of the `BeanFactory`.
- E. The `ApplicationContext` can be created in a test environment, web application, and in a standalone application.

Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 25

Which is the correct approach to register for a bean destruction callback?

- A. Configure the bean instance to use prototype scope.
- B. Add the `@Lazy` annotation to the bean configuration.
- C. Annotate the callback method with `@PreDestroy`.
- D. Annotate the callback method with `@PostDestroy`.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 26

Which two statements about the `@Autowired` annotation are true? (Choose two.)

- A. `@Autowired` fields are injected after any config methods are invoked.
- B. Multiple arguments can be injected into a single method using `@Autowired`.
- C. By default, if a dependency cannot be satisfied with `@Autowired`, Spring throws a `RuntimeException`.
- D. If `@Autowired` is used on a class, field injection is automatically performed for all dependencies.
- E. `@Autowired` can be used to inject references into `BeanPostProcessor` and

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

`BeanFactoryPostProcessor`.

NEW QUESTION: 27

Refer to the exhibit.

```
public interface CustomerRepository extends CrudRepository<Customer, Long>{  
}
```

Which statement is true? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. A class that implements `CustomerRepository` must be implemented and declared as a Spring Bean.
- B. `CustomerRepository` should be a class, not an interface.
- C. An implementation of this repository can be automatically generated by Spring Data JPA.
- D. JPA annotations are required on the `Customer` class to successfully use Spring Data JDBC.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 28

Which two statements are true regarding a Spring Boot "fat" JAR? (Choose two.)

- A. The "fat" JAR requires an external Servlet container.
- B. The "fat" JAR is created by the Spring Boot Maven plugin or Gradle plugin.
- C. The "fat" JAR contains compiled classes and dependencies that your code needs to run.
- D. The "fat" JAR can contain multiple embedded application servers.
- E. The "fat" JAR contains both the class files and the source files for your project.

Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 29

Refer to the exhibit.

Based on the default Spring behavior, choose the correct answer. (Choose the best answer.)

- A. One AccountRepository bean will be instantiated since the default scope is singleton.
- B. Three AccountRepository beans will be instantiated as the accountRepository() method will be called three times.
- C. Many AccountRepository beans will be instantiated, depending how often accountRepository(), transferService() and accountService() are called.
- D. Two AccountRepository beans will be instantiated as the accountRepository() method will be called two times.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

This is true because the default scope of a bean in Spring is singleton, which means that only one instance of the bean will be created and shared by the entire application context. The @Bean annotation on the accountRepository() method indicates that this method will return a bean that will be managed by Spring. However, this method will not be called every time the bean is needed, but only once when the bean is first created. Therefore, only one AccountRepository bean will be instantiated and injected into the TransferService and AccountService beans.

NEW QUESTION: 30

Which two statements are true concerning constructor injection? (Choose two.)

- A. If there is only one constructor the @Autowired annotation is not required.
- B. Constructor injection only allows one value to be injected.
- C. Constructor injection is preferred over field injection to support unit testing.
- D. Construction injection can be used with multiple constructors without @Autowired annotation.
- E. Field injection is preferred over constructor injection from a unit testing standpoint.

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

Constructor injection is one of the ways to inject dependencies into a bean using its constructor parameters. Since Spring 4.3, if a bean has only one constructor, the @Autowired annotation can be omitted and Spring will use that constructor by default.

Constructor injection is generally recommended over field injection because it makes the dependencies of a bean explicit and immutable. It also facilitates unit testing because it allows us to easily provide mock dependencies through constructor arguments.

NEW QUESTION: 31

Which statement is true about the @PropertySource annotation? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Used to designate the location of the application.properties file in a Spring Boot application.
- B. Used to add a set of name/value pairs to the Spring Environment from an external source.
- C. Used to designate the file directory of the application.properties file in a Spring Boot application.
- D. Used to easily look up and return a single property value from some external property file.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

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NEW QUESTION: 32

Which two statements are true about Spring Boot and Spring Data JPA? (Choose two.)

- A. Spring Data JPA is the only implementation for relational databases.
- B. @EntityScan and spring.jpa.* properties can be used to customize Spring Data JPA.
- C. Any kind of Hibernate property can be passed to Spring Data JPA like spring.jpa.properties.xxx.
- D. Embedded Databases (H2, HSQLDB, Derby) are not re-created during the startup.
- E. Scanning of JPA Entities can not be customized, the whole classpath is scanned.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 33

Which two statements are true concerning the BeanPostProcessor Extension point? (Choose two.)

- A. BeanPostProcessors are called before the BeanFactoryPostProcessors.
- B. Custom BeanPostProcessors can be implemented for Spring applications.
- C. BeanPostProcessors are called before the dependencies have been injected.
- D. BeanPostProcessors cannot be ordered in a Spring Boot application.
- E. BeanPostProcessors are called during the initialization phase of a bean life cycle.

Answer: B,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 34

Which two statements about the @Autowired annotation are true? (Choose two.)

- A. @Autowired fields are injected after any config methods are invoked.
- B. Multiple arguments can be injected into a single method using @Autowired.
- C. By default, if a dependency cannot be satisfied with @Autowired, Spring throws a RuntimeException.
- D. If @Autowired is used on a class, field injection is automatically performed for all dependencies.
- E. @Autowired can be used to inject references into BeanPostProcessor and

Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

BeanFactoryPostProcessor.

Explanation:

[https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/docs/current/javadoc-](https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/docs/current/javadoc-api/org/springframework/beans/factory/annotation/Autowired.html)

[api/org/springframework/beans/factory/annotation/Autowired.html](https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/docs/current/javadoc-api/org/springframework/beans/factory/annotation/Autowired.html) B . Multiple arguments can be injected into a single method using @Autowired.

This is true because the @Autowired annotation can be applied to methods with arbitrary names and multiple arguments, as shown in the example in Using @Autowired.

C . By default, if a dependency cannot be satisfied with @Autowired, Spring throws a RuntimeException.

This is true because the `@Autowired` annotation has a required attribute that is true by default, meaning that the dependency is mandatory. If Spring cannot find a matching bean to inject, it will throw a `BeanCreationException`, which is a subclass of `RuntimeException`. To avoid this exception, we can set the required attribute to false, which will allow Spring to skip the injection if no matching bean is found

NEW QUESTION: 35

Which two statements are true regarding Spring and Spring Boot Testing? (Choose two.)

- A. `@SpringBootTest` or `@SpringJUnit4Config` can be used for creating an `ApplicationContext`.
- B. EasyMock is supported out of the box.
- C. Mockito spy is not supported in Spring Boot testing by default.
- D. Integration and slice testing are both supported.
- E. The spring-test dependency provides annotations such as `@Mock` and `@MockBean`.

Answer: C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 36

Which two statements are correct regarding the differences between `@ConfigurationProperties` and `@Value`? (Choose two.)

- A. `@Value` must be used for environment variables, as `@ConfigurationProperties` cannot access the environment.
- B. `@Value` supports relaxed binding of properties, but not property binding through SpEL.
- C. `@ConfigurationProperties` is preferable over `@Value` when type-safety during property binding is a concern.
- D. `@ConfigurationProperties` only bind properties from `.properties` files, not from `.yml` files.
- E. `@ConfigurationProperties` supports relaxed binding of properties, but not property binding through SpEL.

Answer: C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/current/reference/htmlsingle/#features.external-config.typesafe-configuration-properties-vs-value-annotation>

NEW QUESTION: 37

Which following statements are true about Spring Data? (Choose two.)

- A. Spring Data implementations exist for many data storage types, such as MongoDB, Neo4j, and Redis.
- B. Spring Data works by applying the JPA annotations to data stores such as MongoDB, Neo4j, and Redis.
- C. Spring Data can greatly reduce the amount of "boilerplate" code typically needed for data access.
- D. Spring Data is specifically designed for JPA, JDBC, and relational database access only.
- E. Spring Data cannot be used together with Spring MVC.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Spring Data MongoDB <https://spring.io/projects/spring-data-mongodb> . Spring Data Neo4j

<https://spring.io/projects/spring-data-neo4j> Spring Data Redis <https://spring.io/projects/spring-data-redis> For example: Spring Data Envers `Optional<T> findById(ID primaryKey);`

NEW QUESTION: 38

Refer to the exhibit.

How can a Spring Bean be created from this LegacySingleton class?

- A. Call LegacySingleton.getInstance() from within a @Bean method and return the instance.
- B. It is not possible without modifying the LegacySingleton class, the constructor must be public.
- C. Modify the LegacySingleton class by adding the @Autowired annotation to the instance variable.
- D. Return an instance of LegacySingleton using the new keyword from a @Bean method.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 39

Which two statements are correct when @SpringBootApplication is annotated on a class? (Choose two.)

- A. It causes Spring Boot to enable auto-configuration by default.
- B. Component scanning will start from the package of the class.
- C. All other annotations on the class will be ignored.
- D. Methods in the class annotated with @Bean will be ignored.
- E. A separate ApplicationContext will be created for each class annotated with

Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)

@SpringBootApplication.

Explanation:

A . It causes Spring Boot to enable auto-configuration by default.

This is true because the @SpringBootApplication annotation includes the @EnableAutoConfiguration annotation, which enables Spring Boot's auto-configuration mechanism¹. Auto-configuration attempts to automatically configure your Spring application based on the jar dependencies that you have added².

B . Component scanning will start from the package of the class.

This is true because the @SpringBootApplication annotation includes the @ComponentScan annotation, which enables component scanning on the package where the application is located¹. Component scanning allows Spring to automatically detect and register beans annotated with @Component, @Controller, @Service, @Repository, etc³.

NEW QUESTION: 40

Which three types can be used as @Controller method arguments? (Choose three.)

- A. Locale
- B. Principal
- C. Language
- D. Session
- E. Request
- F. HttpSession

Answer: A,B,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

A . Locale

This is true because the Locale argument can be used to resolve the current locale that the client is using, based on the Accept-Language header or a cookie¹.

B . Principal

This is true because the Principal argument can be used to access the currently authenticated user, if any1.

F . HttpSession

This is true because the HttpSession argument can be used to access the current session, if any1. Note that this argument is not required and will be null if a session does not exist.

NEW QUESTION: 41

Which two statements are correct regarding Spring Boot 2.x Actuator Metrics? (Choose two.)

- A. Timer measures both the number of timed events and the total time of all events timed.
- B. Custom metrics can be measured using Meter primitives such as Counter, Gauge, Timer, and DistributionSummary.
- C. An external monitoring system must be used with Actuator.
- D. The metrics endpoint /actuator/metrics is exposed over HTTP by default.
- E. A metric must be created with one or more tags.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 42

Refer to the exhibit.

It is a Java code fragment from a Spring application. Which statement is true with regard to the above example? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. This syntax is invalid because the result of the getBean() method call should be cast to ClientService.
- B. It will return a bean called ClientService regardless of its id or name.
- C. This syntax is invalid because the bean id must be specified as a method parameter.
- D. It will return a bean of the type ClientService regardless of its id or name.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://www.baeldung.com/spring-getbean#3-retrieving-bean-by-type>

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